SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

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ACCOUNT KEPT OF FORGERIES

Jesse Seevers Had a Record of The Fradulent Checks Which He Had Passed.

WAS TAKEN TO REFORMATORY.

Young Forger Secured $685.32 During Month of February.—Began Work in Ohio.

Jesse Seevers, the young minister formerly of near Crothersville, who pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery Thursday at Richmond, has been taken to the Indiana Reformatory where he was sentenced for a term of from two to fourteen years. The arrest and conviction of Seevers caused much surprise among his friends in this county for he was regarded as a young man of strict honesty and integrity.

Seevers kept a careful account of his forgeries, and the books which were in his possession when arrested show that he had secured a total of $685.32 during the month of February. While he was obtaining his money by fradulent means, he donated part of it to charity. His record shows that he gave $9 to the cause of temperance, $25 to a blind man, and the same amount to a man who had been injured. While he seemed to be liberal he found it necessary to borrow $52 to pay his creditors who were pressing him for amounts due them.

When at work on a forgery Seevers wore a disguise which consisted of two pair of glasses, one brown and the other white and he also had a gold cap that fitted over his front teeth, giving the impression that his teeth were filled with gold. When not "working" he removed the gold cap and the glasses. His effects were his correspondence with various colleges, his account book in which he kept a register of his forgeries, a number of hymn books and a Testament. He carried the Testament in his pocket and told the sheriff this was his only "weapon" when he was searched.

Seevers admitted that he had already swindled about fifty business colleges and religious schools. He found his business so profitable that he was making arrangements to work his scheme in other states, and was in Ohio when arrested. He was in correspondence with schools in Wisconsin and Michigan and expected to go into that territory at the proper time.

Seevers told the Richmond authorities that he was a licensed Methodist minister, stating that he secured a license to preach after attending Taylor University, at Upland in 1909 and 1910. He was anxious to begin his term in prison at once and said he would repay all the money secured by forgery when he got out. He went through Seymour Friday in company with an officer who was taking him to the Jeffersonville reformatory.

The temperance people of Bartholomew county will not ask for special elections in the effort to continue the county dry but will try to accomplish their aim by the use of the Moore remonstrance law. Already remonstrances are being circulated in some of the townships.

Disinfectants

We sell all kinds

that are used in the sick room or about the out buildings.

BRING US YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS

Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.
The Rexall Store
Registered Pharmacists
Phone 633

JAMES CADEM INJURED.

B. & O. S. W. Switchman Struck By Car Sunday.

James Cadem, a switchman at the B. & O. S-W. railroad yards, was very painfully injured early Sunday morning while assisting in switching several cars. He was standing near the side of the track when a car struck him and rolled him for some distance. His left shoulder was broken and his right collar bone fractured. He was removed to his home and suffered considerably from his injuries. Since noon, however, he is resting easier and his friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Last August Mr. Cadem accepted a position as switchman in the yards at St. Louis, but had not worked but a few weeks when he fell from a car and was injured. He had several ribs broken and was otherwise bruised about the body, but had recovered from the effects of that accident.

MORTGAGE EXEMPTION.

Affidavit Blanks Must Be Filed With Auditor.

The large number of persons are making inquiries regarding the mortgage exemption law, shows that many persons take advantage of the deduction which may be secured in this manner. The affidavit blanks must be filed with the county auditor during March and April.

One can take a deduction on a building and loan mortgage, provided the secretary of the association furnishes evidence of the indebtedness still due.

Applicants should take sufficient interest to see that their affidavits are actually filed, as otherwise there is no way of giving them proper credit. It often happens that these affidavits are intrusted to others to file and are forgotten by the latter, the applicant thus losing benefit the law intended to give him. Therefore be sure your affidavit is filed between March 1 and May 1.

THOMAS ABBOT RETIRES.

Charles Colmyer Takes Place As Walnut Street Flagman.

Thomas Abbott, who has been in the employ of the B & O. S.-W. for many years, retired from active service this morning and was placed on the pension roll of the company. For the past several years he was the flagman at the Walnut street crossing, having taken that position after resigning as engineer. He ran an engine on the old O. & M. road when it was known as the "Broadgauge" and has seen many improvements in the system and in the service.

Charles Colmeyer, who becomes the flagman, has also been with the company for many years. For nineteen years he has been employed as hostler in the yards. He began service with the O. & M. thirty-two years ago and has been in the employ of the company since that time.

Prosecutor Hays will not enjoy the handsome increase in salary which last week it seemed likely he would get. The legislature late Saturday killed the part of the bill providing for prosecutors' salaries which would have applied to all counties having under 70,000 population. Had the bill become a law as it passed the house it is said Hays' salary would have been between $2,000 and $2,500. The Scottsburg gentleman has spent some time in Indianapolis during the legislative session.

This Week's Specials

Good chance for the cash buyer to get a supply at a great saving.

Lard compound, per lb	10
Lard, Pure Kettle Rendered per lb.	12 1-2
Bacon, Country, per lb	13
Eggs, fresh, per doz	15
Brick Cheese by cake per lb	18
Peanut Butter, per lb.	10
Salmon, 25c. per can,	20
Corn, two cans	15
Tw lb. Dry Peaches	15
Pickles Large Sweet, per doz	05
Graham Crackers, per box	05
Reception Flakes, per lb	10
Vanilla Wafers, per lb	15
Onion Sets per quart	05
Peroxide of Hydrogen 3 for	25

Hoadley's Grocery
Phone 25.

JACKSON MAY BE CHANGED AGAIN

Democratic Leaders Propose to Place This County Back In the Same Senatorial District.

MAY CHANGE THE LIEB BILL.

Judge J. H. Shea at Indianapolis and Makes Protests Against Southern Indiana Districts.

The legislature is still squabbling over the senatorial districts and is having a difficult time in agreeing upon the districts especally in the southern part of the state. Jackson county has been thrown from one proposed district to another until it is hard to keep track of the latest move. During the past week she has been placed with Lawrence, then with Jennings and Bartholomew, with Washington and Brown, and under the Lieb bill which was passed was joined with Jennings.

A conference was held last night, however, and as some of the influential democrats are not satisfied with the Lieb bill several changes were proposed. It was not stated whether or not the changes would be made today, but doubtless this county will not remain with Jennings. Some of the politicians want Jackson, Washington and Brown in one district as they are at this time. Senator Long would probably be satisfied to have the district formed in this manner as the democratic voters have already elected him to his present position.

It was suggested at the caucus that Clark, Scott and Jennings be joined in one district, and that Jefferson county be placed back with Ripley and Switzerland. According to the Lieb bill Washington, Orange and Lawrence are in one district, but this will likely be changed before the session closes.

Judge Joseph H. Shea was in Indianapolis yesterday and expressed himself as being dissatisfied with the senatorial apportionment in the counties surrounding his district as made in the Lieb bill. After a conference with Representative Lieb and several other House leaders he said he hoped the present senatorial district of Jackson, Brown and Washington counties would be changed so that Jackson and Lawrence counties would have one senator. He also is advocating that a senator be elected from Scott, Ripley, Jennings and Decatur counties in lieu of the present program, which combines Clark, Scott and Jennings counties senatorially. This plan would leave Clark, Washington and Floyd with a joint senator and Floyd and Harrison with one senator.

The report from Indianapolis this afternoon is that there is a possibility that there may be no legislative reapportionment this session. Some of the Democrats are greatly incensed over some changes in the Lieb bill made in the Senate and which were concurred in by the house before the members of the latter fully understood the effect they would have. The angry House members claim that as the bill now stands the Republicans could elect the majority of that body. It is said the Senate changes were made to satisfy and and protect a few members. The bill is ready for the governor but an effort is being made by some to recall it, the author of the original bill declaring he would prefer no reapportionment to the one adopted. If the bill is recalled and there should be no reapportionment bill passed and the governor signs the bill now up to him repealing the act of 1905, the apportionment would be thrown back to the act of 1885 which was Democratic but which would be much out of date now.

After The Fire What?

There are two answers to that Gruesome Query.

One spells total loss. Original investment gone, building and contents in ashes. A new start and many regrets.

THE OTHER, "a fire insurance policy," under which the loss is promptly adjusted, and settlement made in cash without discount when money is most needed.

Be on the safe side by securing a policy with

FRED EVERBACK AGENCY COMPANY
Office over Milhous Drug Store

DIED.

SCHROER:—Mrs. Catherine Schroer died at 10 o'clock Sunday night at her home on S. Poplar street. She was 77 years old and was born in Germany but came to this country at an early age. She was married at Cincinnati to William Schroer. They came to this county over fifty years ago. He died in 1871. She lived near Tampico and Dudleytown before removal to Seymour twenty-five years ago. Three children survive her. They are William Schroer of this city, John Schroer of White Creek and Mrs. Sophia Brandt of Arkansas. Mrs. Schroer was a member of the German Lutheran church. Short funeral services will be held at the house at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning and burial will be at Dudleytown.

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INGRAM: Jessie, the seven months' old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Ingram, died Sunday evening of pneumonia. The funeral services will be held Tuesday afternoon. Burial at Riverview cemetery.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Brakeman Known Here Was Disappointed In Love.

William Ogan, aged 28, a brakeman on the northern branch of the Chicago & Southeastern Railway, committed suicide at Terre Haute Friday evening. He was known to a number of the railroad men here. He went into the office of the chief night dispatcher, F. W. Cherry, who is a brother of the Seymour agent of the road, and said, "What do you think of a fellow who is fool enough to commit suicide over a girl?" The dispatch from Terre Haute regarding the suicide, says:

Cherry's opinion, after the way of such opinion, was too contemptuous for expression, so he just laughed and shrugged his shoulders.

Ogan never knew the reply Cherry made, but turned to leave the room before the echo of his question had died away.

When he keeled over Cherry and a few brakemen in the room realized what he meant, and physicians were called hurriedly, but it was too late. Strychnine had caused death almost instantly.

Love for a cousin, Grace McDowell, at St. Bernice, Ind., impossible because of the relation, is believed to be the cause for the deed.

Mrs. A. H. Adams Dead.

Mrs. Lulu Adams received a letter this morning informing her of the death of her mother-in-law, Mrs. A. H. Adams, of Ft. Meade, Florida, which occurred March 3. Mrs. Adams, who was eighty-seven years of age, was quite seriously injured by a fall some time ago and her death was due to the effects of her injuries. Mrs. Adams moved to Chestnut Ridge from Amity and lived there for several years, locating at Ft. Meade about twenty-five years ago. She had three sons, two of whom are living. Charles Adams died at Fort Meade a number of years ago. She is survived by Harry, who lives in Florida and John C. Adams, of Muncie. The latter is an artist of considerable reputation. For several years Mrs. Adams and her late husband conducted a hotel at Ft. Meade.

Frank Trotter, who was injured at the B. & O. freight depot two weeks ago, was able to be out in town this afternoon. He was working at the depot and in moving a heavy piece of stone it fell on his leg.

Want Ads in the Republican get Results

Ship Your Goods by Interurban Freight or Express.
It's Quick and Sure
I. & L. Traction Co.

COMMISSIONERS MUST SET LIMIT

On the Number of Saloons This Session, If Any Limitation is Made.

NO ACTION MAY BE TAKEN.

Should Council Agree Upon $500 License Total Fees Would Amount to $725.

If the number of saloons in Seymour is limited to less than one for each five hundred inhabitants as provided in the Proctor law the county commissioners must fix the limit before the adjournment of the March session which convened this morning. The law provides that the limit must be set at the first session of the county commissioners after the bill became a law, and Governor Marshall sent County Auditor Wacker a message to this effect. Should the commissioners decide to take no action and permit one saloon for each five hundred inhabitants they will not be required to take a vote on the question and the largest number of saloons possible under the law may be operated. In Seymour the maximum number is twelve. It is the general opinion that the number of saloons will not be limited in Jackson county.

The city council, which has the power to fix the amount of the license of the saloons operating within the city, will probably pass an ordinance to tax them a fee of $500 each year. If this is done the saloonists in business in Seymour will be required to pay a total of $700 each year in license fees, as the county fee is $200. This amount is fixed by the law, and cannot be changed by the action of the county commissioners.

Besides the county and city license fees each saloonist is required to secure a government license which costs $25. It is believed that the city council will provide in the ordinance that the $500 license must be paid when the license is secured, and the amount will not be accepted in payments as before. Under the former law when the city fee was $250 it could be paid in four instalments. Under that law the county license was $100.

The council meets tonight for the purpose of examining the new lighting system, and will decide at that time if it will be necessary to call a special meeting for the purpose of adopting the ordinance. Some of the councilmen are in favor of waiting until the regular meeting night on March 16, and after the ordinance is placed on first reading suspend the rules and take final action that night.

As the two years' period for which the county was voted "dry" under the county local option law will not expire until April 26 no applications for liquor licenses have been received at the county auditor's office as they could not be considered before that time. Several local men are expecting to enter the saloon business as soon as permitted to do so by law.

While there have been several reports current that the temperance forces are planning an election, no definite arrangements have been made. If such an election is called here the campaign will probably be opened in a few weeks as the election would be held before April 25.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our appreciation of the kindness shown us by our friends and neighbors during the illness and death of our beloved husband and father, Casper Schaefer. We thank especially Rev. Father Conrad, the members of the choir, Will Hustedt, the funeral director and the Lafayette police force for their beautiful floral offering.

Mrs. Casper Schaefer and children.

Public Auction.

For the reason that I am leaving Seymour, I will sell at public auction on Wednesday March 8, at 10 a. m. at my residence 431 south Carter street, my household furniture, consisting of parlor rockers, library table, sideboard, sanitary couch, stoves and other articles to numerous to mention.

m7d Oliver C. Moffitt.

Ernest Peters and family spent Sunday at Crothersville with his mother. The latter was badly injured during Christmas holidays but is now able to walk with the aid of crutches

COUNTY OFFICERS

Receive Copy of New Liquor Law From Brewers.

County attorneys, county auditors, members of the boards of county commissioners throughout the state and other public officials are receiving copies of the new Proctor regulation and restrictive act, which was signed by Governor Marshall late Saturday. Copies of the new act, published in booklet form, have been mailed to these officials by the Indiana Association of Brewers, and Senator Stephen B. Fleming of Fort Wayne, who has taken an active part in guiding the bill through the Legislature, has given out a number of copies.

By reason of the new law containing an emergency clause it became effective immediately after it received the approval of Governor Marshall, and because of the many changes made from the present law it was deemed advisable to send out copies of it so those who have to do with enforcing its provisions might know in advance of the publication of the acts of 1911 just what would be their duties under the new act. The booklet contains twenty-nine pages of closely printed matter, and is word for word as the new law will appear in the acts of 1911.

Notice to Taxpayers.

Monday, May 1st, 1911 is the last day spring tax can be paid without adding 10 per cent penalty as prescribed by law. Under no circumstances will taxes be received after date named unless the penalty is included. Now is the time to get your tax statements while we have the time to give your requests for information careful attention. During the last days of tax paying we can not send out statements. Tell us where your property is located and in whose name it is listed for taxation. Write your name and post-office address plainly, better still send a postage paid, self-addressed envelope for return letter. For information or for return of tax receipt postage must in every case be included. If you prefer, taxes can be paid at any bank in Jackson Co. and receipts will be sent from this office by mail. Examine your tax receipts carefully, see that all property on which you wish to pay taxes is included. We are not responsible for property being returned delinquent by reason of it being overlooked.

HENRY PRICE, Treas.
d&w Jackson Co.

W. C. T. U. Meeting.

The W. C. T. U. will meet Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. R. Short, north of the city. The members will leave on the car leaving here at 2 o'clock.

The program follows:

Devotions........Mrs. J. K. Ritter.
Business session.
Dues.
Parliamentary Drill......Mrs. W. F. Pfaffenberger.
Paper—"Use of Tobacco by Adult Christians as an Example for Boys .... Mrs. F. H. Hadley
Leaflet—"Why is the Cigarette More Harmful Than Tobacco used in Other Ways".......Mrs. Sumner.
Leaflet—"What Have I Seen of Cigarettes"..........Mrs. Nicholas.
"Brewers' Campaign of Education and How to Meet it"........................ Mrs. M. E. Baker
Duet........Mrs. Mort Black and Mrs G. V. Sawyer.

Funeral Services.

The funeral services of the late Mrs. Frances Seider were held at the Reform church at Jeffersonville Sunday afternoon. Those from here who attended the services were: Mr. and Mrs. August Cordes, Sr., Miss Elsie Conradi, George Laupus, Miss Alma Laupus, Mrs. William Massman, Geo. F. Meyer, Frank Heuser, Miss Stella Laupus, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Voss. The services were conducted by the Rev. H. P. Booch, pastor of the St. Paul church.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to take this means to thank our friends and neighbors for their many kind acts shown us during the illness and death of our husband and father, E. B. Langston. We thank especially Rev. G. M. Shutts for his comforting words, and also those who contributed floral offerings.

MRS. E. B. LANGSTON.
JOHN LANGSTON.

The Sparta is the right place for Ice Cream and Candies. j10tf

Berdon's Barber Shop. S. Chestnut.

Kindling and coal at H. F. White's.

REGULATION OF LIQUOR TRAFFIC

New Law Enacted By the General Assembly.

HERE IS THE COMPLETE TEXT

The Proctor Law For the Regulation of Saloons and the Liquor Trade in Indiana Contains Many New Points With Which the People of the State Should Familiarize Themselves For Future Guidance.

So much interest has been aroused over the new liquor law enacted by the General Assembly that this paper herewith presents a complete copy of the same for the benefit of its readers, that all may be made acquainted with the regulations under which the liquor traffic in this state shall hereafter be conducted.

A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING INTOXICATING LIQUOR.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Indiana, That hereafter a license may be granted to a corporation operating a hotel, to sell intoxicating liquors in the room described in its application, subject to the provisions of this act, upon condition that there are at least twenty-five rooms in such hotel actually and in good faith used for the accommodation of guests: Provided, the application for such license shall be made in behalf of the corporation, and a person is designated as agent for such applicant who shall have all of the qualifications required of individual applicants, and shall be named in the license when issued, and shall be subject to all the conditions, provisions and penalties of all laws concerning the sale of intoxicating liquors in like manner and to the same extent as though such license had been issued to him, and in addition thereto such corporation shall also be liable upon its bond for all acts of its agents in the conduct of such business to the same extent and in the same manner as individual licensees are liable.

Publication of Notice.

SECTION 2. Under the provisions of this act hereinafter provided, any male inhabitant over the age of twenty-one years, who has resided in the state one year, and the township, city or town wherein he desires to sell intoxicating liquors six months and is a qualified voter thereof, or any copartnership composed of male inhabitants, each of whom is over the age of twenty-one years, and all of whom have resided in the state one year and in the township, city or town wherein it is proposed to sell intoxicating liquors for at least ninety days, and any corporation, which shall designate and name an agent who shall have control and general supervision of the sale of intoxicating liquors under such license, as hereinafter provided, and who shall possess all the qualifications in this act required of individual licensees and which corporation has its principal office and place of business in the township in which it is desired to sell intoxicating liquors, and operates a hotel, which hotel contains twenty-five rooms or more and is used for the reception of guests, desiring to obtain a license to sell intoxicating liquors, or a renewal of a transfer thereof from one location to another, shall apply therefor in writing as hereinafter provided, and shall give notice to the citizens of the city, town or township in which such applicant desires to sell, by publication in a newspaper of general circulation of the city, town or township in which he desires to sell such liquors, under such license, if one be published therein, and if no newspaper is published therein, then in any newspaper published in the county, stating the precise location of the premises in which such applicant desires to sell such intoxicating liquors, and where a corporation is an applicant, the name of the agent to have control and general supervision of its business, at least twenty days before the meeting of the board at which the applicant intends to apply for a license, or in case there is no such paper published in the county, then by posting up written or printed notices in ten of the most public places in the city, town or township, in which such applicant desires to sell, at least twenty days before the meeting of the board. And it shall be the privilege of any voter of such township, city or town to remonstrate in writing against the granting of such license to any applicant, on account of immorality or other unfitness, as is specified in this act, of the applicant, or of either member of the copartnership, where a copartnership is the applicant, or of the agent so designated where a corporation is the applicant: Provided, That no new license shall be granted to an individual, copartnership or corporation when such individual, any member of the copartnership or the designated agent of the corporation is not a citizen of the United States: "Provided, however, That if applicant for such license is not a citizen of the United States, but has been a resident of the state of Indiana for ten years or more, and has filed his declaration of intention of becoming a citizen of the United States at the time he applies for such license and possesses all the other qualifications, he may be licensed under this act."

Brewery Control Prohibited.

SECTION 3. Hereafter, all persons, copartnership or corporation applying for a license before the board of county commissioners to sell intoxicating liquors, or for the renewal of such license, or the transfer thereof from one location to another as hereinafter provided, shall file with the county auditor a written application, in which such applicant shall specifically describe the room in which such applicant desires to sell such liquors, and the exact location of the same, and if there is more than one room in the building in which such liquors are intended to be sold, such applicant shall specifically describe and locate the room in said building in which such applicant desires to sell such liquors, and shall also state in such application and prove at the hearing thereof that the applicant is the bona fide sole lessee of such described premises for the time during which said license or transfer is to run, or is the owner of such described premises. Such applicant, if an individual, shall state in the application the place of his birth, and, if a naturalized citizen, where and when naturalized, and if he has declared his intention to become a citizen, when and where he has so declared his intention as provided in this act.

It shall be further stated in the application by the applicant, if an individual, and each member of the firm if the applicant is a copartnership, that neither such applicant nor any member of the copartnership is the agent or employe of any person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacture or sale of any article intended to be sold by such applicant; and, where the application is for a license or the renewal thereof, that neither the applicant nor any member of the firm where the applicant is a copartnership, is the holder of any other license for the sale of intoxicating liquors at retail. And where the applicant is a corporation, the application shall be made in the name of the corporation, and shall set out the name of the person designated by such applicant to have charge, control and management of its business as agent, who must possess each and all of the qualifications required by the provisions of this act of an individual applicant for license; the applicant shall state therein that such agent so designated is not the agent or employe of any other person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacture or sale of any article intended to be sold by such applicant, and that he is not the holder of any license to sell intoxicating liquors.

The Actual and Sole Owner.

It shall be further stated and set out in all applications that the applicant is the actual and sole owner of such business that no other person, firm or corporation has any interest, directly or indirectly, therein; and if the application is for a license or a renewal thereof, the applicant shall further state therein that such license or renewal is desired for the applicant's own use and benefit, and not for the use and benefit of any other person, firm or corporation; that since the taking effect of this act, the applicant, and where the applicant is a copartnership, no member of the firm, and where the applicant is a corporation, such corporation or its agent designated as hereinafter provided, has not directly or indirectly solicited, received or accepted, and during the continuation of the license so applied for, or any renewal thereof, will not directly or indirectly solicit, receive or accept from any person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors, any gift, loan of money, furniture, fixtures or other assistance of any kind.

The application shall be subscribed and sworn to by the applicant, and each member of the firm if the applicant is a copartnership, and if the applicant is a corporation the application shall be executed in the name of the corporation by its president, secretary or treasurer, and also subscribed to by its designated agent, and sworn to by both the agent and the president, secretary or treasurer, before some officer authorized to administer oaths: Provided, That in all cases where proceedings have been taken to obtain such license under the law in force when this act takes effect, such proceedings, if sufficient under the law under which they were taken shall, to that extent, be valid and the same may be continued and concluded under this act.

SECTION 4. If upon the hearing it shall be determined by the board of county commissioners that the applicant for a license to sell intoxicating liquors is entitled thereto, such license shall be issued to such applicant upon such applicant giving bond payable to the State of Indiana, with at least two freehold sureties residing in said county, or an approved surety company, to be filed with and approved by the county auditor, in the sum of $3,500, conditioned that said applicant will keep an orderly and peaceful house, and that said applicant will pay all fines and costs that may be assessed against such applicant or its agent, if such applicant be a corporation, for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the payment of all judgments or civil damages growing out of unlawful sale of intoxicating liquor or other unlawful conduct on his part in and about said business. In all cases where the bond so given is a personal one, no person shall be accepted as surety on more than one bond in force at any time: Provided, that the applicant, if an individual, and each member of the copartnership where the applicant is a copartnership, and the agent designated by the corporation where a corporation is the applicant, is found fit to be intrusted with the sale of intoxicating liquors, of good moral character and not in the habit of becoming intoxicated: Provided, further, That no license shall be granted to any person who shall have been convicted of a felony within fifteen years prior to such hearing, nor shall any license be granted to any new applicant who, prior to the passage of this act, has been convicted of any violation of the liquor laws twice in any period of four years; nor in case of an application for renewal shall such renewal be granted to any person who has been convicted twice in any period of two years after this act takes effect for any offense against the liquor laws since the passage of this act: Provided, further, That the number of retail licenses which may be granted in any city or township under this act shall not be more than one for each five hundred inhabitants thereof, which number may be further limited by the board of county commissioners of any county to any number not less than one to each one thousand inhabitants of such city or township.

As to Limiting Number.

Any limitation by the board of commissioners shall be made at its first session after this act takes effect: Provided, That no new license shall be granted to conduct a saloon in any room situate within a distance of four hundred feet of any public school building, which school building is not within the corporate limits of any city or town: Provided, further, That all licenses heretofore granted and in force at the time of the passage of this act shall not be affected by the provisions herein contained, and the holders thereof upon the expiration of such license shall be permitted to renew or transfer the same subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth in the same manner as licenses issued in conformity with the provisions of this act. In case there are more licenses in force at the time of any hearing upon any application for license in the city or township in which liquors are to be sold thereunder than are authorized by the foregoing provisions, no new licenses shall be granted until either by the increase in population, failure to renew, revocation of licenses, or in some other manner the number thereof shall have fallen below the limit herein fixed. The word "township" as used in this section of this act shall be taken to mean a civil township containing no city or that portion of any civil township lying without the corporate limits of any city. In determining the number of inhabitants in any city or township in which there is no city located for the purpose of this act, the same shall be taken as being five times the greatest aggregate vote cast for all candidates for any office in such city or township at the last general election held therein preceding the filing of such application for a license and the number of inhabitants in any township outside of the corporate limits of any city located therein shall be determined by the last United States census taken in such township preceding the filing of such application.

Provisions of License.

SECTION 5. Upon the execution of the bond required by this act, the presentation of the order of the board of commissioners granting the applicant a license and the county treasurer's receipt for $200, the county auditor shall issue the applicant a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors with the privilege of permitting the same to be drunk on the premises as stated in the aforsaid application, which license shall specify the name of the applicant, the place of sale, and the period of time for which such license is granted, and where the license is issued to a corporation also stating therein the name of the agent designated in the application: Provided, That none of the provisions of this act shall apply to any person, copartnership or corporation engaged in business as a wholesale dealer who does not sell in less quantities than five gallons at a time, nor shall the same prevent any person, otherwise qualified, who alone or with others is engaged as a wholesaler, from taking out retail license under all the conditions and restrictions provided in case of application for retail license by individuals: Provided, further, That hereafter all licenses may be renewed from time to time for the period of one year as such license, or any renewal thereof, may expire, by such licensee filing an application for such renewal with the auditor of the county wherein such license was issued, at the time, and in the manner hereinbefore specified, and by giving notice thereof as hereinbefore provided: Provided, That remonstrances may be filed by any voter of the township against the granting of such application in the same manner and for the same reasons as remonstrances are filed against applicants for license: Provided, further, That the license fees by this act required to be paid to the county treasurer shall be paid to the county tuition fund of the county in which such licensee is licensed to do business. The increase in license fees provided for in this act shall not apply to any license now in force, until the expiration of the time for which such license was granted. The license fees provided for in this act shall be the only fees required for the issuing of license to sell intoxicating liquors at retail.

Further Renewal Requirements.

SECTION 6. If upon the hearing of any application for the renewal of a license to sell intoxicating liquors by the holder thereof, no remonstrance having been filed thereto, and the board of commissioners find that the applicant possesses the qualifications required of applicants for license, as in this act provided, it shall be the duty of the board of commissioners to grant such application and order the renewal of such license.

In case a remonstrance is filed by any voter of said township in which the applicant is licensed to sell intoxicating liquors against the renewal of such license, as specified in this act, such remonstrance shall be heard and determined in the same manner as remonstrances against the granting of licenses are heard, and no renewal of such license shall be ordered by such board until such remonstrance shall be heard and determined by such board in favor of such renewal.

Provided, No such remonstrance shall be permitted to be filed unless the same is filed at least five days before the meeting of the board at which such application is to be heard.

Certificate of Renewal.

SECTION 7. Upon the presentation of the order of the board of commissioners renewing any license, and the county treasurers' receipt for the sum of two hundred dollars, and the execution of a bond payable to the state of Indiana in the penal sum of thirty-five hundred dollars, with at least two freehold sureties, residents of the county, neither of which sureties are then surety upon any other license bond, or an approved surety company, to the approval of the county auditor, containing the same conditions and provisions as is required of an applicant for a license, as hereinbefore provided, the county auditor shall issue to said applicant a certificate of the renewal of the license theretofore granted, which certificate shall contain the same provisions as is required in the original license. Any such renewal so issued as aforesaid shall continue the original license so renewed in force from the period of one year from the date of such renewal: Provided, The increase in the bonds required by this act shall not apply to any license in force at the time of the passage of this act until the expiration of the time for which such license was granted.

Renewals Considered First.

SECTION 8. The board of commissioners shall not have any jurisdiction at any session thereof to hear or consider any new application for retail liquor license until all the pending applications for renewals of such licenses shall have first been decided. If any such renewal application shall be rejected, the board shall not fill the place of such rejected applicant during the time for appeal allowed him by this act, nor in case of appeal by him, until after final judgment on such appeal. After the determination by the board of all applications for renewals, as above provided, such board shall then proceed to determine the new applications until the full number of licenses allowed by law be granted or refused, if so many applications be pending. In case any application for new license is rejected, the board shall fill such place at the time and in the manner above herein provided in case of rejected application for renewal. If after the granting or refusal of all applications for renewalfi there are on file applications for new licenses in excess of the number allowed by law, the board shall select from among such number and grant license to those possessing all the qualifications required of applicants for such license who are the best qualified and most fit so to be intrusted with a license, and in so doing shall take into consideration the various locations and needs of the neighborhood or place where such licenses are desired, and the action of the board in making such selection shall be final and conclusive, and no appeal shall lie therefrom. If, after the granting or refusal of renewals and new licenses to the full number allowed by law there shall still remain on file applications for license, such applications shall be carried over until the next term of said board, when, after disposing of all renewals in the manner above herein provided, the board shall determine such new applications, in the manner above provided.

Transfer from Place to Place.

SECTION 9. Any holder of a license to sell intoxicating liquors, or any renewal of such license, desiring to move his place of business from one room to another in the same city or township in which he is licensed to sell such liquors, and to transfer his license to such new location, shall file his application with the board of commissioners which granted the same for permission to do so, as hereinbefore provided, and shall give notice to the citizens of the city, or township, in which he wishes to move of such desire, as hereinbefore provided, and it shall be the privilege of any voter of the city or township wherein such premises are situated to remonstrate in writing against the granting of such permission in the same manner and for the same reasons as remonstrances are filed against an applicant for license.

Privilege of Removal.

SECTION 10. If upon the hearing of such application the board of commissioners finds that the applicant possesses all the qualifications required of applicants for licenses under the provisions of this act, and determine in favor thereof, said board shall grant such applicant leave to move his place of business from one room to another in the same city, or township, as prayed in such application, and enter an order transferring such applicant's licence to such new location upon such applicant giving bond payable to the state of Indiana, to the approval of the auditor of said county, with the same penalty and upon the same conditions as are required of applicants for license to sell intoxicating liquors. And thereupon the auditor of said county shall issue an order of transfer, which shall specify the name of the applicant, the period of time such license is to run and the precise location of the premises to which the license is transferred. Upon the issuing of such order, the right of said applicant to sell intoxicating liquors at the place so designated in his original license, or any previous order of transfer, shall cease, and the holder of such license shall have the right to sell intoxicating liquors at the place and in the room to which such license is transferred in the same manner as though such license, as issued, authorized such holder to sell intoxicating liquors therein: Provided, however, that no such transfer shall, in any case, be granted either from a township to a city or from a city to a township.

Transfer to Another Person.

SECTION 11. Hereafter any holder of any license, or renewal thereof may file with the board of commissioners of said county wherein such license was issued, a petition for permission to sell and transfer such license, or last renewal thereof, to some other person, copartnership or corporation, named in such petition, and such person, copartnership or corporation desiring to purchase such license shall give to the citizens of the city or township in which such holder of such license is authorized to sell intoxicating liquors, notice of such intention to purchase such license, in the same manner and for the same length of time as is required of applicants for license, and shall file with the board of commissioners of said county a written application for leave to purchase such license, at the time and in the manner required of applicants for license to sell intoxicating liquors as hereinbefore provided. It shall be the privilege of any voter of said township to remonstrate against the granting of such permission to sell by the holder of such license, or the purchase thereof by the applicant, on the same ground and for the same reasons and in the same manner as remonstrances are authorized against the granting of licenses.

Conditions of Transfer.

SECTION 12. If, upon the hearing of such petition and application, the board of commissioners find that such applicant possesses all the qualifications required of an applicant for a license in favor of authorizing such transfer, such board shall grant the holder permission to sell, and said applicant permission to purchase, and enter an order authorizing the same, and upon the filing of a bond by such purchaser, with and to the approval of the county auditor, with at least two freehold sureties, neither of which are then sureties upon any other such bond, or any approved surety company, with the same penalties and upon the same conditions as is required of applicants for licenses to sell intoxicating liquors, the auditor shall issue to such purchaser of such license a certified copy of the order of transfer in which shall be specified the name of the purchaser, the period of time such license is to run, and in all other respects to be in the manner and form required in licenses issued under the provisions of this act. Thereupon said purchaser shall have the right to sell intoxicating liquors thereunder under the same conditions as though such license had been originally issued to him: Provided, That permission to sell and transfer such license or any renewal thereof shall not be granted if charges have been preferred against such petitioner, as herein provided, and are pending at the time of the filing of such petition.

Change of Agents.

SECTION 13. Any corporation holding a license to sell intoxicating liquors, or any renewal thereof, under the provisions of this act, desiring, at any time, to designate any other person as its agent to have charge of its business, as hereinbefore provided, in the place and stead of the agent named in such license, or by any previous order of substitution thereof theretofore made, shall give notice of its desire so to do to the citizens of the city or township in which such corporation is authorized to sell such liquors, by publication of notices in the same manner, and for the same length of time, as is required under the provisions of this act of applicants for license, and file with the board of commissioners granting such license its application in writing, setting forth the date of issuance of said license, or the date of the last renewal thereof, and which application in all other respects shall be in the manner and form as required of corporations applying for license, or renewal thereof, as hereinbefore provided, and it shall be the privilege of any voter of the township wherein such premises are situated to remonstrate against the granting of such application in the same manner, and for the same reasons, as remonstrances are filed against the granting of licenses.

Conditions of Change.

SECTION 14. If, upon the hearing, the board of commissioners find that the agent so designated possesses all the qualifications required of an applicant for a license, and determine in favor of such application, said board shall enter an order substituting the person designated in said notice and application as agent of said corporation, in the place and stead of the prior agent thereof. On the granting of such application, the auditor of the county shall issue a certificate of substitution, giving the date of such license and the last renewal thereof, the name of the agent so substituted, and which shall be in all other respects in the same form and manner as is required in the issuance of a license to a corporation. Such agent so substituted shall be subject to all the conditions, provisions and the penalties of all laws concerning the sale of intoxicating liquors, in like manner and to the same extent as though named in the license, and the liability of such corporoation shall in all things continue the same as though no substitution had been made. Should the application be denied by the board of commissioners, or by the circuit or superior court on appeal, the right of such corporation, or agent to sell intoxicating liquors shall cease until a qualified agent shall have been substituted as herein provided. If such corporation shall continue to sell intoxicating liquors after the denial of such application, or suffers or permits its agent to continue such sales upon or in the premises described in the license such license shall thereupon be revoked by the board of commissioners as hereinafter provided: Provided, That nothing in this section shall prevent the duly approved agent from transacting such business until the appointment and qualification of his successor.

One License Only.

SECTION 15. No more than one retail license shall be granted or issued or held by any one person, firm or corporation.

SECTION 16. No license, or any renewal thereof, as in this act provided, shall be granted or issued for a greater or less period than one year, which shall be dated and begin on the date the board of commissioners shall grant the same, or in case of appeal by the applicant from the date final judgment shall be rendered by the court hearing such appeal.

SECTION 17. Any order of the board of county commissioners granting a license, or renewal thereof, shall be null and void unless the applicant therefor shall, within five days after the making of such order, if not appealed from, or within fifteen days after final judgment upon any appeal taken therefrom, pay to the county, city or town entitled to receive the same all moneys required to be paid by such applicant under any of the provisions of this act, and no license shall thereafter be granted or issued to such applicant for at least a period of two years.

Death or Insanity of Holder.

SECTION 18. In case of the death or insanity of the holder of any license, or renewal thereof, under the provisions of this act, the personal representative of such holder shall, immediately upon his appointment and qualification, with the approval of the court, or judge making such appointment, file with the auditor of the county wherein such license was issued his written election to continue or surrender such license or renewal. In the event such personal representative elects to continue such business, and it is found by the board of commissioners that he possesses all the qualifications required of applicants for such license, upon the filing of a bond to the approval of the county auditor, with the same penalty and upon the same conditions as are required of persons to whom licenses are issued under the provisions of this act, he shall be permitted to continue such business for a period of six months, and such license or renewal shall be considered extended for that period: Provided, The year for which the same is granted does not expire within said time. In case such personal representative is not qualified, or does not desire to personally conduct such business, he shall have the right to nominate and appoint some third person to conduct such business as the agent of such personal representative, and if such agent is found by the board to possess the qualifications required of applicants for a license, upon the filing of a bond to the approval of the county auditor as herein required of applicants for license, such personal representative, by the person so named, shall have the right to continue said business for the period of six months, but no longer: Provided, Such license does not sooner expire, and at any time during said six months said personal representative may transfer such license in the same manner as licenses are sold and transferred. Such personal representative, if authorized to continue said business or such person so nominated by him and authorized to continue the same, shall, during the entire period such business is being so continued, as herein provided, be considered a licensee, and subject to all the provisions of law the same as though he were the original holder of such license. In case such license or renewal thereof will expire before the expiration of six months, such personal representative shall have the right to renew the same as licenses are renewed by the holders thereof. In case such personal representative shall elect to surrender such license or any renewal thereof, the county treasurer shall, on the order of the board of commissioners of the county, refund to such personal representative of such decedent or insane person the proportionate part of the license fee such county treasurer has received for such license or renewal for the unexpired part of said year, out of any money in the county treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the treasurer of such city or town to whom any money has been paid by the person to whom such license or renewal was issued, in pursuance of the provisions of this act, shall, on the order of the common council of such city or the board of trustees of such town, refund to such personal representative the proportionate part of the moneys so paid to such city or town treasurer for the unexpired part of such year, and it shall be the duty of such board of commissioners, common council and board of trustees to make such order upon proof of the death or insanity of the holder of such license, or renewal and the surrender of such license by such personal representative, as herein provided: Provided, That an application for the revocation of a license, or renewal or transfer thereof, may be made before any circuit or superior court of the county where such licensee transacts business, by the applicant complying with the requirements before the board of commissioners, and it is hereby made the duty of such court to hear and determine such application for revocation at the next term of court after such application is filed. The court shall enter up a similar judgment as is provided in this act to be entered by the board of commissioners in such proceedings before such board of commissioners.

Grounds for Revocation.

SECTION 19. Hereafter a license, or any renewal thereof, shall be revoked if the board of commissioners find upon notice and hearing as hereinafter provided, that one of the following causes exists: (1) If the licensee, either member of the copartnership holding such license, or the agent of a corporation holding such license, has within the year preceding been convicted of a felony, or been in fact guilty of the commission of a felony, or any misdemeanor involving any violation of the law in restraint of lewdness, or is grossly immoral or otherwise unfit to conduct a saloon. (2) If the licensee, either member of the copartnership holding such license, or the agent of a corporation holding such license, has within the two years preceding been adjudged guilty the third time of violating any of the provisions of this act, or any law regulating the sale of intoxicating liquor. (3) When an application by a corporation to substitute one agent for another to have charge of its business is refused by the board of commissioners, or by the circuit or superior court on appeal, and thereafter and before the appointment of a qualified agent as in this act provided, such corporation continues the sale of intoxicating liquors, or permits its agent to do so. (4) If the licensee fails to pay any city or incorporated town the sum to be paid to it as fixed by this act. If the board of commissioners find, upon notice and hearing, that the licensee, either member of the copartnership holding such license, or the agent of a corporation holding such license, has been found guilty, or has violated any law regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors, or permitted persons of lewd character to frequent his place of business, or permits obscene pictures or pictures of nude females to be exhibited in his place of business, or is otherwise guilty of misconduct that renders him an unfit person to conduct a saloon, such license or renewal thereof shall be suspended for a period of not exceeding thirty days, or may be revoked by said board, and for the third offense within any period of two years the license shall be revoked. If the board finds upon notice and hearing that the licensee has knowingly permitted gambling in his place of business or in the premises connected therewith and under his control his license shall be revoked and no license shall thereafter be granted to him. If the board finds upon notice and hearing that such licensee, either member of the copartnership holding such license, or the agent of a corporation holding such license has made any false statement in the application for such license, or renewal thereof, or has violated any agreement in said application contained, then it shall be the duty of said board to suspend said license for a determinate period, or to revoke the same. If a license is revoked for any cause, the licensee shall not be entitled to another license in the state of Indiana for a period of two years: Provided, That no license or renewal thereof shall be revoked or suspended until the board of commissioners shall have made and entered an order specifying the grounds therefor, and until the licensee shall have been given at least ten days' notice thereof and of the time the board will hear the same; and, Provided further, That the board of commissioners shall not proceed against such licensee during the pendency of any appeal that may be taken therefrom to the circuit or superior court.

Proceedings for Revocation.

SECTION 20. It shall be the privilege of any voter of the city or township for which a license has been granted to file his verified complaint with the auditor of the county, containing the statement of any fact constituting grounds for revocation, or suspension of such license. Upon the filing thereof and of a bond in the sum of $200, with sureties to be approved by the auditor, payable to the holder of such license, to the effect that such voter will pay all cost and charges incurred by the holder of the license if the license be not suspended or revoked, the board of commissioners shall issue notice to the holder of such license, returnable ten days after service thereof, to show cause why the license should not be suspended or revoked upon the grounds set forth in the affidavit. If such licensee appears and contests such application to revoke his license, he shall, at the time of such appearance, file a bond payable to the remonstrators in the same sum and upon the same conditions as above herein required of the complainant in such cases. And said board shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine the matter and to enforce compliance with its judgment.

Requires Proof by Applicant.

SECTION 21. Every applicant for a license to sell intoxicating liquors, or any renewal thereof, or for the transfer of such license from place to place, or from one person to another, or the substitution of one agent for another where the applicant is a corporation; or the sale of such license by the personal representative of a deceased or insane person as in this act provided, shall be required to make proof before the board of commissioners of the county where such application is presented, of the truth of each and every fact in said applicant's notice and application set forth as well also of all other facts necessary to establish fitness as required by the provisions of this act; and should such applicant fail to prove the truth of any fact so required to be proven as hereinbefore specified, it shall be the duty of said board to refuse and deny such application.

For Appeal to Court.

SECTION 22. Any party to the record in any proceeding before the board of commissioners, had under any of the provisions of this act, feeling aggrieved by the decision of the board therein, may, except as in this act otherwise expressly provided, appeal from such decision of the board to the circuit or superior court of the county, at any time within ten days thereafter, without notice, upon filing with the county auditor a written undertaking with sufficient sureties, to the approval of such auditor, for the payment of all costs that may be adjudged against such appellant upon such appeal: Provided, That no appeal taken from any order of the board granting license, or any renewal thereof or permission to transfer the same from one location to another, or from one person, firm or corporation, to another, or substituting one person for another as the agent of a corporation holding such license, shall suspend the right of the holder of such license while such appeal is pending in the circuit or superior court, to sell intoxicating liquors thereunder, and under the order and judgment of said board so appealed from, as though such appeal had not been taken, and the holder of such license shall not be liable as a seller without license for sales made during the pendency of such appeal, but shall be liable for the violation of any of the provisions of this act during such time, as though such seller had been regularly licensed.

Regulation of Fees.

SECTION 23. Every person, firm or corporation to whom a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors at retail or any renewal thereof is granted, shall, before making any sales of intoxicating liquors under such license, or renewal, pay into the treasury of said township, city or incorporated town, the license fees as follows, to wit: That if such premises are located within the corporate limits of any city of the first and second classes or within four miles thereof, the city shall charge a license fee of three hundred ($300) dollars; if within the corporate limits of any other city or within two miles of such corporate limit, the sum of two hundred ($200) dollars; and if within the corporate limits of any incorporated town or within two miles of the corporate limits thereof, the sum of one hundred and fifty ($150) dollars; if located without the corporate limits of any city or incorporated town and not within the distance from such city or incorporated town as hereinabove provided, the sum of fifty ($50) dollars shall be paid into the treasury of the township: Provided, That the common council of any city or the board of trustees of any incorporated town may increase such license fee as follows: In cities of the first and second classes, or within four miles thereof, and in any other city or within two miles thereof, to an amount not exceeding five hundred ($500) dollars; and in any incorporated town or within two miles thereof to an amount not exceeding three hundred ($300) dollars. But no such city or town shall have any power so to increase such fees unless the same be done within thirty days from the time this act takes effect: Provided, further, That where such premises are so located as that the sum to be paid by any such licensee as herein provided will be payable to more than one city or town, such sum shall be paid to the city or town in such county nearest such premises, and where such premises are located in any city or town no sum or sums shall be paid to any other city, and no city or incorporated town shall hereafter have the right in any manner to charge or collect any license fee for the sale of intoxicating liquors in excess of the amounts fixed or authorized by this act.

As to Vested Rights.

SECTION 24. Nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as to create any vested, contractual or property right in any license hereunder, whether original or renewal or otherwise, or to affect the right of the general assembly to amend or repeal this act or to enact any laws regulating and controlling the business of any licensee hereunder.

Rights of Wholesalers.

SECTION 25. Wholesale dealers in intoxicating liquors, as heretofore defined by any law of this state, and manufacturers of spirituous, vinous and malt liquors shall, notwithstanding the passage of this act, continue to have all the rights to sell such liquors which they possessed under any law of this state in force at the time of the passage of this act. In addition thereto, any person, firm or corporation engaged bona fide in business as such wholesaler, or any person, firm or corporation engaged as a bona fide manufacturer of spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, whose place of business is situated in any city or incorporated town where the sale of intoxicating liquor is not forbidden by law or any proceeding thereunder, desiring to sell and deliver goods so manufactured or handled by such person, firm or corporation to families, consumers and customers, as an incident to the business of such wholesaler or manufacturer, may make application for such privilege to the board of commissioners of the county in which such place of business is located, describing generally therein the premises upon which it is desired to sell such liquors.

Notice of such application shall be given as in case of application for retail liquor license. Any qualified voter of the township wherein such privilege is to be exercised may at least five days prior to the first day of the term at which such application is to be heard, file with the auditor of such county a written remonstrance against the granting of such privilege upon the ground that such applicant is not a bona fide wholesaler or bona fide manufacturer, as the case may be. And if upon the hearing, with or without remonstrance, the board shall find that the applicant is a bona fide wholesale dealer in intoxicating liquors, or a bona fide manufacturer of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, as the case may be, and that such privilege is to be exercised as an incident to and not as the sole or principal part of the business of such applicant, such board shall grant a license to such applicant to sell intoxicating liquor at wholesale upon the payment to the county treasurer of the sum of two hundred dollars, one hundred dollars of which shall go to the tuition school fund of said county and the remainder to the respective city or town where said business is to be conducted. The certificate of license shall be issued by the auditor upon the order of the board of commissioners and shall contain the name of the applicant, the place of sale and the period of time, which shall be for the period of one year, for which the license is granted. A license to sell intoxicating liquor at wholesale shall be limited to a sale of not less than one gallon at a time and to a place where no intoxicating liquor shall be consumed on the premises of the seller, and a wholesale license shall not be counted in any limitation of the number of licenses which may be granted under the provisions of this act.

Remonstrance Regulation.

SECTION 26. It shall be unlawful hereafter for any person to sign, subscribe or cause or permit his name to be signed, subscribed or attached to any remonstrance against the granting of license for the sale of intoxicating liquors, or any renewal thereof, who at the time knowingly does not possess the qualifications required by law authorizing him to sign such remonstrance, or to sign, subscribe or attach to such remonstrance the name of any other person or persons not possessing such qualifications, and it shall be unlawful hereafter for any person to sign, subscribe or cause to permit his name to be signed, subscribed or attached to any power of attorney authorizing his name to be signed or attached to a remonstrance against the granting of license to sell intoxicating liquors, or any renewal thereof, as by law provided, who at the time of signing such power of attorney does not possess knowingly the qualifications authorizing him to sign a remonstrance against the granting of such license. And any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be fined in any sum not more than twenty-five ($25.00) dollars nor less than five ($5.00) dollars.

Hours for Selling.

SECTION 27. Whoever shall barter, sell or give away, to be drunk as a beverage, any intoxicating liquors upon Sunday, the Fourth of July, the first day of January, the twenty-fifth day of December, commonly called Christmas, Thanksgiving day, as designated by proclamation of the Governor of this state or the President of the United States, or any legal holiday, or upon the day of any state, county, township, primary or municipal election in the city, town or township where the same may be holden, until the polls are closed, or in cities of the first and second class, between the hours of 12 o'clock midnight and 5 o'clock a. m., or in any other cities between the hours of 11 o'clock p. m. and 5 o'clock a. m., or in any other place in the state between the hours of 10 o'clock p. m. and 5 o'clock a. m., shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than $10 nor more than $50, to which may be added imprisonment in the county jail or workhouse not more than sixty days.

Existing Laws Saved.

SECTION 28. Nothing contained in this act shall be held to repeal by implication either the act of the general assembly of the state of Indiana, approved March 11, 1895, entitled "An act to better regulate and restrict the sale of intoxicating, spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, providing penalties for the violation of the same, providing for the enforcement thereof and providing for remonstrance against granting of license for the sale of the same and conferring jurisdiction upon police courts and justices of the peace in cases of violations of the provisions of this act and other laws of the state on the subject of selling intoxicating liquors," commonly called the Nicholson law, or the act of the general assembly of the state of Indiana, approved February 15, 1905, commonly called the Moore remonstrance law; but neither of said laws shall be affected save as they may be in actual conflict with some express provision of this act, and remonstrances may be filed under this act to the granting, renewal, sale or transfer of licenses for the same reasons and in the manner provided for the filing of remonstrances by either of said former laws. Neither shall this act authorize the granting of licenses for, or the transfer thereof to places where by law or remonstrance the sale of intoxicating liquors is prohibited. Nor shall any license, renewal or transfer be granted to any person or agent, where, in such proceeding, a remonstrance has been filed and sustained: Provided, That none of the provisions of this act shall apply to any druggist or pharmacist licensed as such by the state board of pharmacy, making sales of spirituous or vinous liquors, in conformity to the provisions of the act of the general assembly of the state of Indiana, entitled "An act to better regulate the sale of intoxicating, spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, providing penalties for violation thereof, repealing all laws in conflict therewith and declaring an emergency," approved March 16, 1907.

SECTION 29. The words "intoxicating liquors" shall apply to any spirituous, vinous or malt liquor, or to any intoxicating liquor whatever, which is used or may be used as a beverage and which contains more than one-half of one per cent. of alcohol by volume.

SECTION 30. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

SECTION 31. Whereas an emergency exists for the immediate taking effect of this act, the same shall be in force from and after its passage.

CULLOM'S PICTURE IS TURNED TO THE WALL

Old Senator's Alma Mater Incensed At His Vote.

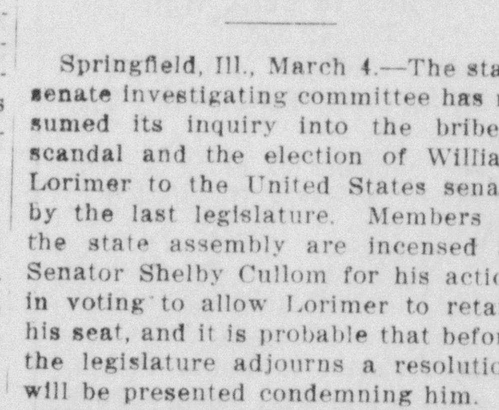
Springfield, Ill., March 4.—The state senate investigating committee has resumed its inquiry into the bribery scandal and the election of William Lorimer to the United States senate by the last legislature. Members of the state assembly are incensed at Senator Shelby Cullom for his action in voting to allow Lorimer to retain his seat, and it is probable that before the legislature adjourns a resolution will be presented condemning him.

Mt. Morris college, at Oregon, Ill., which always has honored United States Senator Shelby Cullom as one of its most distinguished students, has turned his picture to the wall and taken his name from the roll of those who have reflected honor on the school as a result of his vote to allow William Lorimer to retain his seat in the United States senate.

UN-AMERICAN MOVEMENT

This Is What Illinois Miners Say of the "Boy Scouts."

Springfield, Ill., March 4.—The boy scouts movement was denounced by the Illinois Mine Workers in a resolution presented by the secretary-treasurer, Duncan McDonald, and adopted unanimously. Mr. McDonald declared the boy scout movement was a scheme to force an era of un-American militarism upon the nation. It was decided by an almost unanimous vote of the miners to hold their 1912 convention at Springfield.



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Congressman From Texas Named For Ways and Means Committee.

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GOING TO BRING THE DISPUTE TO AN ISSUE

Chicago Building Trades Have Gone On a Strike.

Chicago, March 6.—A strike of all building trades workmen affiliated with the Chicago Building Trades Council became effective this morning.

The strike affects all building operations throughout the city where steamfitters, who are members of the international association, are employed, and marks another phase of the jurisdictional warfare of the United Association of Plumbers, Gas Fitters, Steam Fitters and Steam Fitters' Helpers against the Chicago Steam Fitters' union. President Alpine of the United Association of Plumbers said that every trade affiliated with the Building Trades Council is determined to stand by the plumbers in the fight against the steam fitters, and he added that the strike was ordered for the purpose of bringing the dispute to an issue.

FIXES THE LIMIT

Governor of West Virginia Specifies Subject of Special Legislation.

Charleston, W. Va., March 6.—That Governor William E. Glasscock intends to call the state legislature in special session not later than April 25, and that he will limit the lawmakers to the consideration of the question of direct primaries, was the special announcement made by the West Virginia executive before his departure for the Florida everglades, where he will spend several weeks with Jim Lakin at Dr. Guthrie's habitat on Indian river.

While there are many other measures of importance which the governor has advocated, including the public service commission, the production tax on natural gas and a uniform municipal code, he holds that the consideration of a direct primary law is the most important, and, in fact, fundamental.

A Kentucky Bank Bankrupt.

Elizabethtown, Ky., March 6.—The Nolin Banking company of Nolin, this county, has gone into voluntary bankruptcy. It is said depositors will be paid in full, and it is thought that the stockholders will not lose any great amount. It is reported that capitalists of Horse Cave and Glasgow will take stock and reorganize the bank.

Put the Bar on Him.

Richmond, Ind., March 6.—James Maher, convicted ten times in the last fourteen months for intoxication, was before Mayor Zimmerman again and the mayor exiled him from this city for life. The mayor told Maher that if he ever came back he would be put in solitary confinement on bread and water.

Death of Mrs. Colfax.

South Bend, Ind., March 6.—On the thirty-second anniversary of her husband's inauguration as vice president of the United States, Mrs. Ellen Wade Colfax, widow of Schuyler Colfax, died at her home here Saturday after an illness of several months. She was seventy-three years old.

Acquitted by Grand Jury.

Connersville, Ind., March 9.—After two days' deliberation the grand jury found no bill against Clem Hallowell for the killing of Edward Loos Feb. 28, and Hallowell was allowed to go free, the finding of the grand jury being that the killing was done in self-defense.

Portland Goes Dry by 51.

Portland, Ind., March 6.—In the local option election Portland went dry by a majority of 51. Bear Creek township, Jay county, including the town of Bryant, is dry by 31.

BALTIMORE & OHIO
SOUTHWESTERN R.R.

Commencing March the 10th one way tickets will be sold at greatly reduced rates to points in Arizonia, British Columbia, California, Colorado, Idaho, Mexico, New Texas, Utah, Oregon and Washington. On sale daily to and including April 10th.

ALSO

Home Seekers Round Trip Tickets on sale 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month to points south and southwest, west and southwest.

For further information call at B. & O. Ticket Office or address

E. MASSMAN, Agt.
W. P. TOWNSEND,
D. P. A., Vincennes, Ind.

Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern Traction Company.

I. C. & S. SOUTHERN TRACTION CO.

In Effect Nov. 14, 1910.

Northbound Cars Lv. Seymour	TO	FROM	Southbound Cars Ar. Seymour
6:55 a. m.	I	C	6:30 a. m.
x8:10 a. m.	I	G	7:53 a. m.
9:00 a. m.	I	I	8:53 a. m
*9:17 a. m.	I	I	*9:10 a. m.
10:00 a. m.	I	I	9:53 a. m.
*11:17 a. m.	I	I	*11:10 a. m.
12:00 m.	I	I	11:53 a. m.
*1:17 p. m.	I	I	z1:25 p. m
2:00 p. m.	I	I	*2:10 p. m.
*3:17 p. m.	I	I	3:53 p. m.
4:00 p. m.	I	I	*4:10 p. m.
5:00 p. m.	I	I	4:53 p. m.
*6:17 p. m.	I	I	*6:10 p. m.
7:00 p. m.	I	I	6:53 p. m.
*8:17 p. m.	I	I	7:53 p. m.
9:00 p. m.	I	I	*8:10 p. m.
10:45 p. m.	G	I	9:53 p. m.
11:55 p. m.	C	I	11:38 p. m.

I—Indianapolis.
G—Greenwood.
C—Columbus.
*—Hoosier Flyers. *—Dixie Flyers.
x—Seymour-Indianapolis Limiteds.
z—Makes no country stops between Indianapolis and Edinburg, but makes all stops south of Edinburg; connects with the B. & O. west, leaving Seymour at 2:03 p. m.

Cars make connections at Seymour with train of the B. & O. R. R. and Southern Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information, see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General Offices—Columbus, Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE TRACTION COMPANY.

INDPLS & LOU. I&L TRAC. CO.

In effect May 10, 1910.

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Watson Junction, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m. 12:00 m., *1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, *9:00, *11:00 p. m.

Freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour, Jeffersonville, Louisville, New Albany and all intermediate points.

Express service given on local passenger cars

* Runs as far as Scottsburg only.

For rates and further information see agents, or official time folders in all cars.

GENERAL OFFICES,
Scottsburg, Indiana.

Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern Railway.

Southeastern Line.
NORTH BOUND.
—Daily—

	No 2	No. 4	No. 6
Lv Seymour	6:40 am	11:40 am	5:05 pm
Lv Bedford	7:58 am	1:00 pm	6:25 pm
Lv Odon	9:07 am	2:08 pm	7:34 pm
Lv Elnora	9:17 am	2:18 pm	7:44 pm
Lv Beehuter	9:33 am	2:35 pm	7:59 pm
Lv Linton	9:48 am	2:48 pm	8:14 pm
Lv Jasonville	10:12 am	3:12 pm	8:38 pm
Ar Tr. Haute	11:05 am	4:05 pm	9:30 pm

No. 28 mixed leaves Westport at 5:00 p.m., arrives at Seymour 6:40 p.m daily except Sunday.

SOUTH BOUND.
—Daily—

	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Lv Tr. Haute	6:00 am	11:10 am	5:35 pm
Lv Jasonville	6:54 am	12:04 pm	6:29 pm
Lv Linton	7:18 am	12:28 pm	6:53 pm
Lv Beehunter	7:30 am	12:40 pm	7:05 pm
Lv Elnora	7:45 am	12:55 pm	7:20 pm
Lv Odon	7:55 am	1:05 pm	7:34 pm
Lv Bedford	9:12 am	2:22 pm	8:48 pm
Ar Seymour	10:25 am	3:35 pm	10:00 pm

No. 25 mixed leaves Seymour for Westport at 2:50 p.m., arrives at Westport 4:35 p.m., daily except Sunday.

For time tables and further information, apply to local agent, or
H. P. RADLEY, G. P. & T. A.
Trust Building, Terre Haute.

WE DO PRINTING THAT PLEASES.

Richart's Remodeling Sale

We are compelled to have more room before we take over the room which has been occupied by the Richart Shoe Store. In order to clean up our entire stock, we offer values less than manufacturer's prices on

SUITS, OVERCOATS,
ODD PANTS, WOOL SHIRTS
AND HATS.

We will not give prices in this paper, but will give you prices on the goods at our store.

RICHART

If You Are Troubled with Rheumatism, Lumbago or aches and pains of any kind, try a

REX Porous Plaster

The best plaster for the worst pain.

FOR SALE BY
COX PHARMACY CO.
SEYMOUR, IND.

George F. Kamman

Licensed Optician

EYES TESTED FREE

With T. M. JACKSON, 104
West Second Street

Joseph Hirtzell, Sr.

House Painting and Interior
Finishing. Graining a Specialty
Phone 502 Seymour Ind.

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH HARRY J. MARTIN
Editors and Publishers.

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

DAILY	
One Year	$5.00
Six Months	2.50
Three Months	1.25
One Month	.45
One Week	.10
WEEKLY	
One Year in Advance	$1.00

MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1911.

WILL FUMIGATE BUILDINGS

Quarantine Will Be Lifted On March 13th.

According to the directions of the health board all the public buildings in the city will be fumigated this week, preparatory for the lifting of the quarantine Monday. The buildings will be fumigated under the direction of an inspector who will be appointed by the board of health officers.

None of the buildings will be permitted to hold public meetings until they have been properly disinfected, and the health officers believe that there will then be no danger of a further spread of scarlet fever.

The following persons were here to attend the funeral of Casper Schaefer: Mrs. Anna Weiss and Mrs. T. McGuire and Miss Koutchman of Louisville, Miss Maggie McCaffrey, D. J. O'Mara, Peter Seiner and Miss Christine Seiner of North Vernon, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McGuire of Bedford, Thomas F. O'Mara of Terre Haute, Mr. and Mrs. Nick Schaefer and son Joseph of Indianapolis.

The commissioners at their session today will let the contract for the building of the Stewart gravel road, east of Crothersville. The road is 2 1-4 miles long.

THE COUNTRY STORE
Buys in Quantities and Can Sell for Less

STAPLE DRUGS.	
One-eighth oz. bottle P. & W. Quinine for	8c
Malena Salve	8c
Sulphur, per pound	5c
One quart bottle of Amonia for	10c
Venetian Red, dry, per pound	2½c
HARDWARE	
$1.00 Roller Skates, pair	75c
Capemell Horse Nails, any size, per lb.	16c
$1.98 Suit Case for	$1.25
$1.00 Hand Saw a good general purpose tool for	65c
2 only, Laundry Coal Stoves to close out, each	$2.25
A nice size Roasting Pan for	25c
A heavy Copper Bottom Wash Boiler	98c
GROCERY SPECIALS.	
Sugar, any kind, per pound	5c
New crop Red Kidney Beans, per pound	7½c
Best quality Canned Tomatoes, 3 cans for	25c
Best quality Sweet Corn, 2 for	15c
Best quality Lye Hominy, per can	5c
50c pound Uncle Sam Chewing Tobacco for	39c
Pure Lard, per pound	12½c
Large size Can Milk	8c
Small size Can Milk	4c
Full Cream Cheese, two pounds for	35c
60c Tea, one-half pound for	25c
Fresh Eggs, per dozen	16c
4-pound Bag Table Salt, 3 for	10c
MISCELLANEOUS.	
15c White or Oak Curtain Poles, 2 for	15c
20 Per Cent. Discount on all Rubbers, except Boots	
Men's 50c Work Shirts, 3 for	$1.00
Children's 15c Hose, now per pair	11c
$1.50 Corduroy Pants, per pair	$1.19
Jap Waste Baskets, any size	25c
4 Postal Cards and Postal Card Album for	5c

RAY R. KEACH
East Second Street, First Door West of Interurban Station Seymour, Ind.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Reported by Clara Massman
Abstractor and Loans
Masonic Building, Seymour.

Orva Wineinger to Dovey A. Wineinger, 30 acres, Brownstown Tp., $1.

Morton D. Scott to Owen S. Brown, et al, 40 acres, Owen Tp., $425.

Effie B. Wilson to O. R. Green, lot in Seymour, $1,650.

Orval D. Hunt to Thos. M. Hunt, lot in Leininger's ad. to Seymour, $1600.

A. M. C. Holtmann to John F. Holtmann, lot in Butler's ad to Seymour, $1.00.

John F. Holtmann to Harmon R. Holtmann, lot in Butler's ad. to Seymour, $1.

Jas. B. Irwin to Amy E. Hays, 40 acres, Hamilton Tp., $5,000.

Edwin A. McCann to Benj. F. McCann, lot in Seymour, $675.

John M. Schmitt to Frank E. Patrick, lot in Seymour, $1,800.

Chas. Abel to Frank E. Patrick, lot in Seymour, $9000.

Rebecca J. Jackson to Jacob F. Ficken, et al, 20 acres, Redding Tp., $600.

J. F. Wm. Tormoehlen to Anna M. E. Reddicker, 40 acres, Grassy Fork Tp., $1.

J. F. Wm. Tormoehlen to Wm. L. Tormoehlen, 40 acres, Grassy Fork Tp., $1.

J. F. Tormoehlen to Geo. H. Tormoehlen, 40 acres, Grassy Fork Tp., $1.00.

J. F. Wm. Tormoehlen to Martin J. Tormoehlen 40 acres, Grassy Fork Tp., $1.

Brainard Wing to Henry Lauster, 85 acres, Washington Tp., $4,000.

Ahlbrand Carriage Co. to Margaret Ahlbrand, lots in Seymour, $10,000.

Stanfield & Carlson Co. to Carl M. Tevis, lot in Laugel's Ad. to Seymour $1,125.

Perry Hildreth to Geo. M. Biocourt, 40 acres, Washington Tp., $1.

Edgar F. Hiatt to Thos. F. Linke, 160 acres, Washington Tp., $8,000.

F. H. Heideman to Henry Miller, 40 acres, Jackson Tp., $8,000.

Margaret J. McDonald to Geo. C. McDonald, lot in Pfingst's 2nd. Ad. to Seymour, $300.

Jas. Wigginton to A. M. Vanbibber, 80 acres, Brownstown Tp.

Samuel P. Davis to Wm. H. Bower, 22 acres, Owen Tp., $400.

Albert Lambring to John Kreinhagen, 28½ acres, Hamilton Tp., $2,850.

Cudwith Able to Chas. White, lot in Hamilton Tp., $2,056.

August Vondielingen to August Eggersman, 33 acres, Brownstown Tp., $2,600.

Albert Schneider et al to August Vondielingen, 34 acres, Hamilton Tp., $3,740.

American Chair Co. to Muncie Chair Co. lots in Blish's Ad. to Seymour.

Solomon Perrin to Letha Perrin, court deed lot in Plat county Poor Farm, und 1-3, 80 acres, Brownstown, Tp.

Chas. F. Schwartz to Geo. H. Schwartz, lots in Brownstown, $400.

Lemuel Darrow to Dallaha O. Carroll, 80 acres, Owen Tp., $3,800.

Oscar M. Gallimore to Ella Boone, lot in Shields Ad. to Seymour, $2,000.

Lena Harlow to F. Louis Harlow, 4.04 acres, Hamilton Tp., $420.

Geary Lucas et al to Wm. A. Lucas 40 acres, Hamilton Tp., $200.

Wm. Smith, commissioner to Geo. A. Hanners, lot in Clearspring; 1 acre Owen Tp., $52.

Hannah L. White, guardian to Elizabeth McOsker, und. 1-10; 120 acres, Owen Tp., $300.

Liny Werbner to Joshua Powell, 282 acres, Salt Creek Tp., $1410.

Wm. S. Berry to Fred Myers, 40 acres, Vernon Tp., $1,600.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: **F. J. Cheney & Co. Toledo, Ohio.**

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Orttel have moved to East Columbus. They moved to Seymour from Columbus last September.

Advertise in the Republican. It pays.

SPRING with its unfolding buds and radiant blooms, is heralded by the many new things now being shown in nearly every department of this great store. In planing for your spring outfit for home or person it will be well to keep in mind the unquestioned advantages afforded by Southern Indiana's Greatest Store. We are not content simply because we have been recognized for years as the leading store of the southern part of the state, but we are doing more than ever to enlarge our store service and increase our facilities for the quick and satisfactory handling of our steadily growing volume of business; in a word, we are not only abreast, but ahead of the ordinary standards of modern department stores.

Early showing of spring apparel

The suit and coat section begins to take on new color as the daily arrival of new suits, coats, dresses and waists fills the racks and cases lately vacated by winter wearables. These are among the new things:

Some of the new suits

Suits of blue serge and gray and tan mannish mixtures, also plain tailored and braided; a large collection to choose from. .... $10.00 $12.50 and $15.00

Gray English worsted and blue serge suits, jackets lined with beautiful peau de cygne, in Persian and oriental patterns, embroidered collar and cuffs; skirts plain enough to conform to fashion, but full enough to be practical garments, ... $20.00 and $25.00

Black and white suits, coat of heavy black satin, with wide sailor collar, skirt of small checked shepard plaid, trimmed with black satin fold around the bottom.

Misses' suits, in jaunty, spring styles, pretty gray and blue suitings, sizes 14 to 18 years.......... $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00

New full length spring coats

A good representation of the newest models of full-length, semi-fitted coats for spring. Come in serges, Eng. tweeds and light weight mannish suitings, in blue, gray and tan. A feature is the large sailor collar, in some coats of moire. Priced.......... $8.98, $10.00, $12.50, $15.00

New spring dresses

Some very pretty models of taffeta, foulards, crepe meteor, crepe de chine, marquisette, voile and wool challis. A dress for every occasion, very reasonably priced.

New millinery in evidence

Here are spring hats—of net or stylish rough straw, with flower trimmings, delightfully pitched to the note of spring, some with all-flower crowns. The simple addition of one of these smart mid-season hats will freshen the half-worn winter costume.

Plenty of roses among the flower hats. On the satin hats—wings and quills and such pretty devices; Ribbons, too—it's to be a great ribbon spring in millinery.

At $1.00 we now offer all remaining winter hats, trimmed with ribbons, flowers and feathers, values up to $12.00, to go quickly, now at.......... $1.00

GOLD MINE DEPARTMENT STORE
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

Frank Klosterman
Contracting House Painter
709 S. Poplar St., Seymour, Ind.
Orders may be left at Stanfield-Carlson's

SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK
Piano Teacher,
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

Fifty Years Ago Sunday.
March 5

Confederate commissioners to the United States government reached Washington, but were denied a hearing.

Lincoln's cabinet was appointed as follows: W. H. Seward, state; S. P. Chase, treasury; Simon Cameron, war; Gideon Welles, navy; Montgomery Blair, postmaster general; Caleb B. Smith, interior; Edward Bates, attorney general.

Confederate congress adopted the stars and bars (red, white and blue) as the national flag of the Confederate States of America.

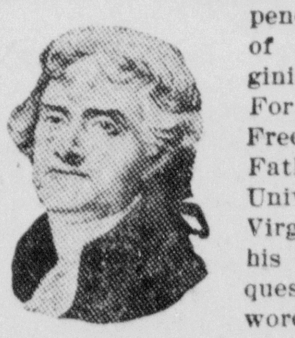
Fifty Years Ago Today.
March 6.

Confederate congress authorized an army of 100,000 men to serve twelve months.

Twenty-five Years Ago Today.

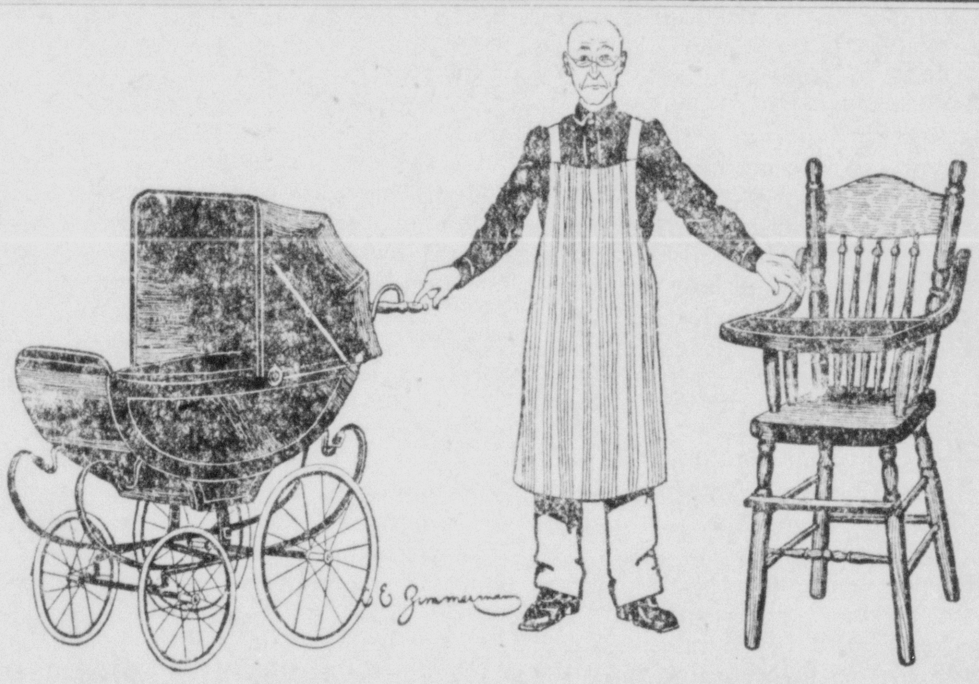
Beginning of a noted strike on the "Gould system" of railways, involving 9,000 Knights of Labor led by Martin Irons. Threats of strike by Pennsylvania miners.

THE HALL OF FAME.



THOMAS JEFFERSON—"Author of the Declaration of Independence and of the Virginia Statute For Religious Freedom and Father of the University of Virginia." At his own request these words were carved upon his tombstone, Jefferson apparently regarding these achievements as more important than the fact that he served two terms as president of the United States. He was born at Shadwell, Va., April 13, 1743, and died at Monticello, Va., July 4, 1826. Secretary of state 1790-3. Vice president 1797-01. President 1801-9; elected as candidate of Democratic-Republican party, which he founded. It was through Jefferson that the vast domain of the Louisiana territory was added to the United States and also that of the Oregon country.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.



Copyright 1909, by C. E. Zimmerman Co.--No. 34

The Old Cabinet Maker Says:

"That if we have babies in our homes, to make them comfortable and healthy, by providing them with the new and useful improvements in high chairs, go-carts and baby carriages.

We are splendidly stocked with beautiful goods in these lines and in order that you may have the opportunity to fill baby's needs properly they are priced at a very low margin of profit.

F. J. VOSS

SLUMP IN PRICES

More Goods Placed on Bargain Counter

Flannelets and Outing Flannels, 10 cent goods at	7½c
One lot of Dress Goods at less than cost, prices from	15c to 35c
1 lot Misses and Childrens' Suits Union Suits, 25c kind,	15c
Ladies' 25c Underwear	19c
Men's 50c Underwear	39c
1 lot Dress Gingham, former price 10c per yard, now	6½c
1 lot of Corduroy pants less than cost.	
1 lot Men's 50 cent Dress Shirts	39c

Just Received

A Lot of New Embroideries, Laces and White Goods. Come in and see them.

FULL LINE OF DRY GOODS.
Complete Stock in our Grocery Dept.

W. H. REYNOLDS
21 AND 23 SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET

ECLIPSE SHIRTS

Are made better, laundried better and cut larger than any other make—that is the reason we are giving them such prominence in our store.

Large spring line just received
White and colored.
Good time to buy.

THE HUB

Wall Paper

—AT—

T. R. CARTER'S

EVERY DAY IS BARGAIN DAY

Red Rose Flour per sack 55cts.

OTHER BARGAINS:

Brooms from	25 to 50	Rub-No-More Soap, per bar	04
25 pounds Granulated Sugar	$1.25	Sunny Monday Soap per bar	04
Bulk Sugar, per pound	.05	1 gallon best Syrup	28
New Navy Beans, 6 lbs for	.25	Large Can Milk	08
New Lima Beans	7 1-2	Small Can Milk	04
Evaporated Peaches, choice lb	10	2 Cans Sugar Corn	15
New Figs, per pound	15	Canned Peas, per can, 9 to	15
Loose Seedless Raisins, 3 lbs	25	2 lb. can Succotash	10
Loose Muscatel Raisins, 3 lbs	25	3 lb. can Beets	10
Fancy Apricots, per lb.	18	Heinz Baked Beans .... 10 to	15
Whole-head Japan Rice	05	Beechnut Baked Beans .... 10 to	15
Loose Rolled Oats, 3 lb. for	10	Campbell Tobasco Catsup	10
Flake Hominy 3 lb for	10	Pint Bottle Standard Catsup	10
Cracked Hominy, 2 lb.	05	Peanut Butter, from 9 to	25
Shelled Popcorn, 3 lb.	10	1 lb. Jar Sliced Bacon	25
Lump Starch, 2 lb	05	Fine Bulk Coffee, from 20 to	28
Corn Starch, per package	05	Dry Salt Jowl Bacon, lb	10
Searchlight Matches, 3 boxes	10	Smoked Jowl Bacon lb	12 1-2
Lenox Soap, 3 bars	10	Country Bacon lb.	15

MAYES' Cash Grocery

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

LOST—Charm off of necklace. Reward. Return here. m118.

WANTED—3 pupil nurses at Columbus Hospital. Applicants must be between ages of 21 and 20. Address Miss Dietz, Columbus Hospital. M8d.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—If you want to sell or trade anything, a want ad in this paper and 99 others in Indiana, Illinois and Ohio will find your party. It will only cost you $2.50 per line of 6 words, write us for list of papers. Austill Advertising Syndicate, Elwood, Indiana.

FOR SALE—Anyone wanting a lot in Laugel's addition will do well to see me within ten days, before further arrangements. Call 625 or see A. T. Foster. m15d

FOR SALE CHEAP—New hanging lamp. Inquire here. m7d

FOR RENT.—Four room house, in good repair, also large garden space. Inquire at 111 W. Laurel street. f28dtf

FOR SALE.—Any person desiring to buy lots in the Mars Hill factory addition, Indianapolis, can secure information from Congdon & Co., agents. m8d&w

FOR SALE—Good, new wagon with top, farm or delivery purposes. 10 East Second street. m10d

FOR SALE—Clover hay. Frank Heideman, R. F. D. 1, Seymour. m11d

FOR RENT.—House, eight rooms, half or all. 113 E. Sixth street. J. L. Blair, 301 W. Second street. f17dtf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 207 Bruce street. m6dtf

EGGS.—From Single Comb White Orpington chickens, best winter layers, good size, don't fly over fence, very tame. For sale by H. P. Miller, Seymour. f17-23m3-9d

RUGS—Made from old carpets. Anna E. Carter, agent. Phone 564. m1eod-tf

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Keep your time piece right during 1911. Our specialty is caring for watches. If they do not run correctly bring them here. J. G. LAUPUS, The Jeweler. Examiner of watches for B. & O. R. R.

PERSONAL.

Ed Elsner was in Vernon today.

A. A. Davison was in Rockford today.

N. M. Carlson was in North Vernon today.

Peter Kessler spent Sunday in Jeffersonville.

I. G. Saltmarsh is at home from Missouri.

Sam Rittenhouse was in Indianapolis today.

Miss Josephine Abel spent the day in Indianapolis.

Mrs. Lena Croucher went to Rockford this morning.

J. H. Kamman and daughter spent Sunday in Louisville.

Henry Stunkle went to Brownstown this morning on business.

William Otting was in North Vernon on business today.

Sylvester Stein spent Sunday at Columbus with friends.

Alpha Cox spent Sunday with his mother in Indianapolis.

Chris. Moritz was a passenger to Brownstown this morning.

William Dailey, of Brownstown, was in the city this morning.

Hoyt Allison, of Brownsburg, was here on business this morning.

Dr. O. O. Delong, of Azalia, was in the city on business this morning.

W. V. Troth, of West Baden, spent Sunday here the guest of friends.

James DeGolyer transacted business at Brownstown this morning.

J. L. Brown has returned home after a business trip to Martinsville.

Rev. T. C. Smith has returned from Amity, where he preached Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Jones spent Sunday with friends at Jeffersonville.

Nathan Beitman, of Washington, was the guest of friends here Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Knoke is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Fehring at Columbus.

Miss Pearl Jamison has returned from a short visit with her mother at Vallonia.

Rev. J. H. Hawk has returned home from a short visit with friends in Indianapolis.

Walter Himler, who is now located at Shelbyville, spent Sunday here with his parents.

O. O. Swails, county attorney, was in Brownstown today to meet with the commissioners.

Otto A. Ernest and Otto E. Ernest, of Medora, were here this morning on their way to Indianapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Holtman returned from Indianapolis Sunday evening after a visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Hamilton returned to their home in Newcastle after a short visit here with friends.

John Fleetwood and wife who have been visiting their son at Columbus, have returned to their home near Medora.

Mrs. Susan Graham of Indianapolis, returned home after a visit with Mrs. Julia Riggles and other relatives.

E. C. Bollinger returned Saturday night from Knox and adjoining counties where he had been on business for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. John Groub, Miss Marguerite Thompson and Thomas Groub composed a theatre party to Louisville Saturday.

R. L. Moseley returned Sunday night from a trip through northern Indiana, Ohio and Illinois. While gone he closed several deals.

Frank Lemp, trustee of Redding township, and Charles Steinwedel, trustee of Jackson township, were passengers to Brownstown this morning.

NEWSY PARAGRAFS.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe H. Andrews today.

—o—

Mrs. Maria Abel, who has been quite ill for several weeks, is improving.

—o—

Carl Oesting was in Louisville Saturday evening and attended "The Girl on The Train."

—o—

During the electrical storm Sunday evening there was a rainfall of .53 of an inch.

—o—

Section men are repairing the track in front of the Pennsylvania passenger station today.

—o—

The attendance at the Woodstock Sunday School was 45 and the collection was $1.42.

—o—

Dr. C. E. Asbury, pastor of the First M. E. Church, assisted in the church services at Crothersville.

—o—

Joseph O. White, who has been quite ill with pneumonia for several days, remains about the same.

—o—

Frank Nichter who lived east of Seymour near the county line, has moved to a farm two miles north of Hayden.

—o—

The men who are at the Peters cabin have been catching a large number of fish, some of them being quite large.

—o—

William Stewart who a short time ago sold his grocery in the Odd Fellows block, is moving to Indianapolis. He has not decided what business he will engage in there.

—o—

On pages two and three of today's issue of the Republican will be found in full the Proctor liquor measure. As it has been enacted after so much difficulty it will be read with much interest.

—o—

S. O. Smith went to North Vernon this morning to attend a meeting of the stockholders of the Jennings Co. Fair Association. Mr. and Mrs. Smith were both among the first stockholders of this organization.

Want Ads. in the Republican get Results

MEN WHO SEE THESE

New Spring Clothes

are sure to want to buy. Never have you seen more handsome styles. They are different yet dignified, plain but rich, conservative but distinctive. They are sure to please you when you see them and they are so tailored that when you have worn them, your opinion of them will be strengthened still more.

Confirmation Suits are here.

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Adolph Steinwedel Clothing Co.

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G. F. HOEVENER.
Phone 35.

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14 East Second Street.
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The Ladies and Gents Tailoring house have the Spring and Summer Samples ready for your inspection with the prices as low as ready-made garments. Fit and workmanship guaranteed. Also cleaning, pressing, etc.

PHONE 92.

Men's Spring Suits

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in Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes

is, you get the latest, the nobbiest and the best tailored clothes that are made.

Our "Vogue" line of fine suits for young men has no equal. See them.

Thomas Clothing Co.

WE ARE ON THE HUNT for the man who thinks all coal is alike. If you are he, we want you to give us a chance to show you your mistake. Our coal is the free burning, no clinker kind that gives the most heat with the littlest coal. Order a ton and note how far it goes.

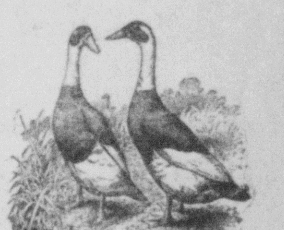
Raymond City Coal per ton $4.00

Ebner Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Phone No. 4.

We Are Now Booking

Orders for eggs of Light Brahma Chickens, 15 eggs for $1.50. We also have two Brahma Cockerels for sale.



Eggs from our Fawn and White Indian Runner Ducks for sale. We also book orders now and fill orders on two or three days' notice.

Prices quoted when desired.

Platter & Co.

Seymour, Ind.

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BAILEY'S SEAT MUCH IN DOUBT

Lawyers Say Texas Senator Is Out of It.

COULDN'T RECALL RESIGNATION

It Is Maintained by Lawyers Who Take This View, and They Are Backed by Precedent, That Bailey's Petulant Resignation Acted Automatically and That the Moment It Was Out He Couldn't Recall It.

Washington, March 6.—The question is being raised by lawyers in congress as to whether Joseph W. Bailey is any longer a member of the senate, notwithstanding the fact that he withdrew his resignation about six hours after it had been sent to Governor Colquitt of Texas. Some lawyers argue that the resignation acted automatically ,the minute Governor Colquitt acknowledged receipt o fit, and that retirement from the senate in this manner is not affected by a governor's refusal to accept the resignation.

Other lawyers are inclined to the opinion that the legislature being in session, the resignation becomes automatically effective the minute it comes before the legislature, and the action of the Texas senate in voting on the motion requesting Bailey to withdraw his resignation constituted a formal acknowledgment of it. The lawyers who take this view contend that there is a very fine question whether Bailey is not now out of the senate. Another point is whether the vice president had the right to withhold the notice of resignation after its presentation to him for submission to the senate.

What is regarded as a precedent for this situation is a case which occurred in the house in 1870, when a member of the house who had resigned was not permitted by the house to withdraw his resignation. This case, recorded in Hinds's Parliamentary Precedents, was that of Representative J. S. Golladay of Kentucky. The question arose whether the governor of Kentucky had any right to refuse to accept Golladay's resignation. It was insisted on the floor of the house that Golladay, from the time he presented his resignation, was no more a member than any stranger in the gallery.

In support of this claim, the Whitemore case was cited as follows:

"The right of resignation is purely personal to a member, and when he has exercised this right, he becomes ipso facto no longer a member."

It is contended that the single difference between Senator Bailey's case and that of Golladay, who, by the way, never resumed his seat, lies in the fact that the latter's resignation was entered upon the journal of the house, while as the result of the action of the vice president, this was not done in Bailey's case. It is further contended that the vice president simply exceeded his authority when he shoved Senator Bailey's resignation in his pocket instead of presenting it to the senate, as Bailey requested. The action of Mr. Bailey in resigning served to emphasize the cleavage in the Democratic minority in the senate. The revolt against Senator Bailey's nominal leadership has been growing for some time. Nearly all of the new senators are expected to line up with the anti-Bailey faction.

BOTH ARE PLEASED

Change of Primary Plans in Kentucky Satisfactory All Around.

Louisville, Ky., March 6.—The changing of the primary date from May 27 to July 1 by the Democratic state executive committee has met with approval.

Primary advocates are pleased for the reason that the plan for a convention was knocked out quickly and anti-primary supporters are glad that the time has been extended so they may mass their forces against the opposition.

Suspicion of Foul Play.

Valparaiso, Ind., March 6.—The body of a man found frozen in the ice of Lake Michigan on Feb. 18, near Chesterton, has been claimed by Mrs. Tony Varhel of Michigan City, as that of her husband, who when he started to Chicago on a business trip on Jan. 15 had considerable money. Mrs. Varhel thinks her husband was robbed and murdered.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather
New York	32	Clear
Boston	28	Clear
Denver	44	Cloudy
San Francisco	48	Rain
St. Paul	34	Clear
Chicago	38	Rain
Indianapolis	41	Rain
St. Louis	60	Cloudy
New Orleans	68	Clear
Washington	34	Clear
Philadelphia	32	Clear

Rain; Tuesday unsettled.

JOSEPH W. BAILEY

Texas Senator Who Has Cast Cloud Over Title.

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MURDEROUS ROBBER SHOOTS PATROLMEN

Then Shot Out Light and Made His Escape.

Alexandria, Ind., March 6.—After having killed Patrolman Virgil Kirkman of the Alexandria police force, a robber who had held up a pawnshop here shot Chief of Police John Ellin probably fatally and then made his escape from a house in which he had barricaded himself. The bandit has been identified as James Walker.

When the robber entered the store the proprietor gave him $30 and was handing out the diamonds when the patrolman arrived. He approached the robber with his mace instead of with the revolver. The robber turned and fired three shots at the officer, The first entered his face, another passed through his stomach and the third grazed his face. The robber ran from the store to find himself a target for another officer, who opened fire. To effect his escape in the darkness the robber shot out the electric street light, thus breaking the circuit and throwing the city into darkness.

Four Killed in Boiler Explosion.

Lexington, Ky., March 6.—Sewill Allen and three children of Clarence Rose were killed, and six other persons injured when a boiler at the Blackburn-Gambill distillery on Howard's creek, Breathitt county, exploded.

Kentucky Town Votes Dry.

Richmond, Ky., March 6.—By a majority of 123 votes this city voted to continue dry. The wets carried only one out of four city precincts.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

The Oklahoma City street railways are tied up by a strike.

The Mexican rebels are in control of the railroads north, south and west of Chihuahua.

The government of Panama has advertised for bids for the construction and financing of the proposed railroad from Panama to David.

Unable to control his biplane in a heavy wind, W. G. Purvis was injured, probably fatally, when the machine was smashed by a fall at Baton Rouge.

Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific railway, has decided to accept the presidency of the Missouri Pacific, succeeding George J. Gould.

King George announces his intention to entertain a hundred thousand London children at the Crystal Palace on June 30, in celebration of his coronation.

An insurrection has developed against the Jara government in northern and southeastern Paraguay, and the city of Concepcion is in the hands of the rebels.

The Democrats in congress have picked out sinecures aggregating $100,000 a year which they regard as useless, and will recommend that these jobs be abolished.

Baron De Castro, registered at a Honolulu hotel, is said to be the missing Cipriano Castro, former president of Venezuela. He arrived from Australia enroute to San Francisco.

Nine well-known citizens of Managua have been exiled by order of President Estrada for complicity in the recent fire and explosion of the government arsenal there.

A balloon with seven occupants collapsed near Turin and fell 6,000 feet, landing in the tops of some high trees. Its occupants were seriously injured, two of them dangerously.

Charles D. Norton, the retiring secretary to the president, will leave the White House some time this month, and on April 5 will become vice president of the First National bank of New York.

Senator Bailey of Texas, incensed at the way his colleagues voted on the question of ratifying the New Mexico constitution, offered his resignation, but later changed his mind and recalled the resignation.

SCHOOLROOMS DESTROY SIGHT

Defective Lighting Conditions Dangerous to Pupils' Eyes.

PERMANENT INJURY LIKELY.

All Over the Country Arrangements of Windows and Skylights Have Become a Serious Question — How Schoolhouse Should Be Lighted.

In a recent physical examination of the school children of River Forest, Ill., it was found that 55 per cent of those in need of medical attendance were suffering from defective vision, says the superintendent of schools of Forest River, Ill., in Good Housekeeping. A study of conditions in these schools and many others has disclosed the fact that pupils who are seated at the rows of desks by the windows are subjected to a flood of light rays coming direct from the open sky and striking their faces at such an angle as to cause severe eye exhaustion.

Their eyes are in danger of being permanently injured, not only because of the wrong direction of the light, but also by the undue amount received. Meantime school boards and superintendents are resting in the delusion that their schoolrooms are so lighted that all pupils receive light in proper quantity over the left shoulder only, whereas this is true alone for the "bad boys in the front seats." These alarming conditions are known to prevail in almost all schoolrooms in the land, and open minded investigators may be convinced of the truth of this by themselves occupying for a few hours seats which the pupils are required to sit in for ten months of the year.

SATISFACTORILY PLANNED SCHOOL BUILDING.

In order to get the greatest number of direct sky rays to strike the object and fewest to strike the eye we are warned to obtain our light from as near the zenith as possible and to shut out the horizontal rays, which are most likely to do injury to the vision.

In our present buildings it would appear that man has done his utmost to circumvent the laws of nature in this regard. He has dwelt for ages in buildings with opaque roofs, partly, perhaps, because there was no transparent roofing available to primitive man and partly because this was the only way he knew in which to protect himself from the heat and excessive light of the sun.

One of the first objections to the one story school building is that of supposed increased cost per room. It is true that this plan requires for a given number of rooms more roofing and a larger cost for basement excavation, but this is largely, if not entirely, counterbalanced by the great saving in lighter foundation and wall construction, by the elimination of costly stairways and the consequent reduction of hall space. Moreover, one story buildings eliminate the unsightly fire escapes, and the children are safer from the dangers of fire. The tiresome climbing of stairs is done away with.

The skylights will display pictures to better advantage. Being "fool proof," they cannot be used by an ignorant or careless teacher to destroy the eyesight of pupils.

Skylights will solve the problem for future construction, but what can be done with the tens of thousands of schoolrooms already built? Upper story rooms may yet be furnished with skylights, in some cases at reasonable cost, by using a tunnel of gradually increasing size from the skylight in the sloping roof to the ceiling of the room, the interior of the tunnel being painted white.

In order to build schools one story high much more land is needed. Large cities may find this construction out of the question because of high land values. But in all suburbs, small towns and rural communities land is available at reasonable prices. The only question to be answered here is, "Can we afford the extra cost for the sake of the eyesight of the children?"

In business the man who lives in the past, whose methods are the same as his grandfather's, never is counted a success. He may set the pace in his own community, but that will be because the rest of the community are made of the same stuff. They will all be easy victims for a man whose life is lived today.

Farm and Garden

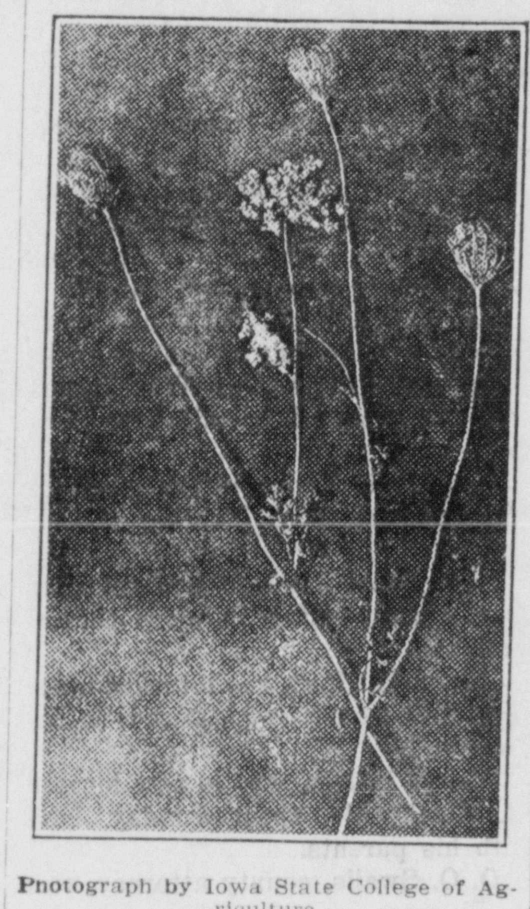
FIGHT THE WILD CARROT.

This Weed Is a Great Spreader, but Not Very Hard to Eradicate.

The wild carrot, familiarly known as "bird's nest" or "Queen Anne's lace," is found on wild land and along the roads in the eastern half of the United States and Canada. It came here from England. It produces flower stalks from one to three feet high and has tall, slender, hollow stems and a finely cut leaf. The flowers are white, and the clusters with the stems resemble an umbrella. It has a very strong, suffocating odor when in bloom, and this with its nectar attracts scores of insects. It blooms from June to September. The large number of insects which visit it make pollenization almost sure, which partly accounts for the readiness with which it spreads, says Farm and Fireside.

It is a biennial, and the first season it produces rather a low vegetative growth. The second season it sends up long flower stems. The seeds are very numerous, and if the flower stems are cut down before seed has been formed new stems will come up.

This weed is a demon to spread, but not very hard to eradicate. Good cultivation will keep it out of cropped fields, especially where there is a rotation including one or more cultivated crops. In permanent pastures, along roads and in other places not cultivated it should be cut down with the scythe. This must be done repeatedly to keep the new flower stems that spring up from carrying their seeds to maturity, but persistent cutting will kill the weed out, generally in two years. If the weeds are not too numerous they can be killed off individually once and for all by cutting the root underground with a spud, sharp spade or other handy implement.



Photograph by Iowa State College of Agriculture.

WILD CARROT.

Recent tests have indicated that the wild carrot is vulnerable to several weed killing sprays. One solution that is recommended is sodium arsenite, one pound to twenty-six gallons of water, sprayed on when the plants are dry.

When we have repaired the buildings where our live stock is kept through the winter would it not be well to visit the "schoolhouse on the hill" and look over the buildings where the children spend the winter days?

Tobacco Stems For Fertilizer.

Tobacco stems are sometimes sold as a fertilizer. If comparatively dry they contain something over 2 per cent of nitrogen, a trace of phosphoric acid and 5 or 6 per cent of potash. They usually retail around $14 a ton and are well worth the money.—American Agriculturist.

Advice to Corn Growers.

Unless there is an experienced and successful corn breeder in the vicinity who makes a specialty of growing first class seed corn every farmer had better make his own selection from his own field or from the best fields of neighboring farms.

Try Peppers For Profit.

Peppers may be easily grown in all parts of the country, and market prices are generally quite good. Foreigners consume them in large quantities, and Americans are using them more extensively than a few years ago.

Pruning Note.

Currants and gooseberries may be pruned as soon as the leaves fall, or the work may be left until early spring. Cut back one-third of last year's growth and thin out surplus, diseased or unthrifty shoots.

There are thousands of dollars lost every year by sowing poor seeds. Do not expect a good crop when poor seeds are sown. Seasons, good cultivation and proper fertilization will not compensate for seed from inferior plants.

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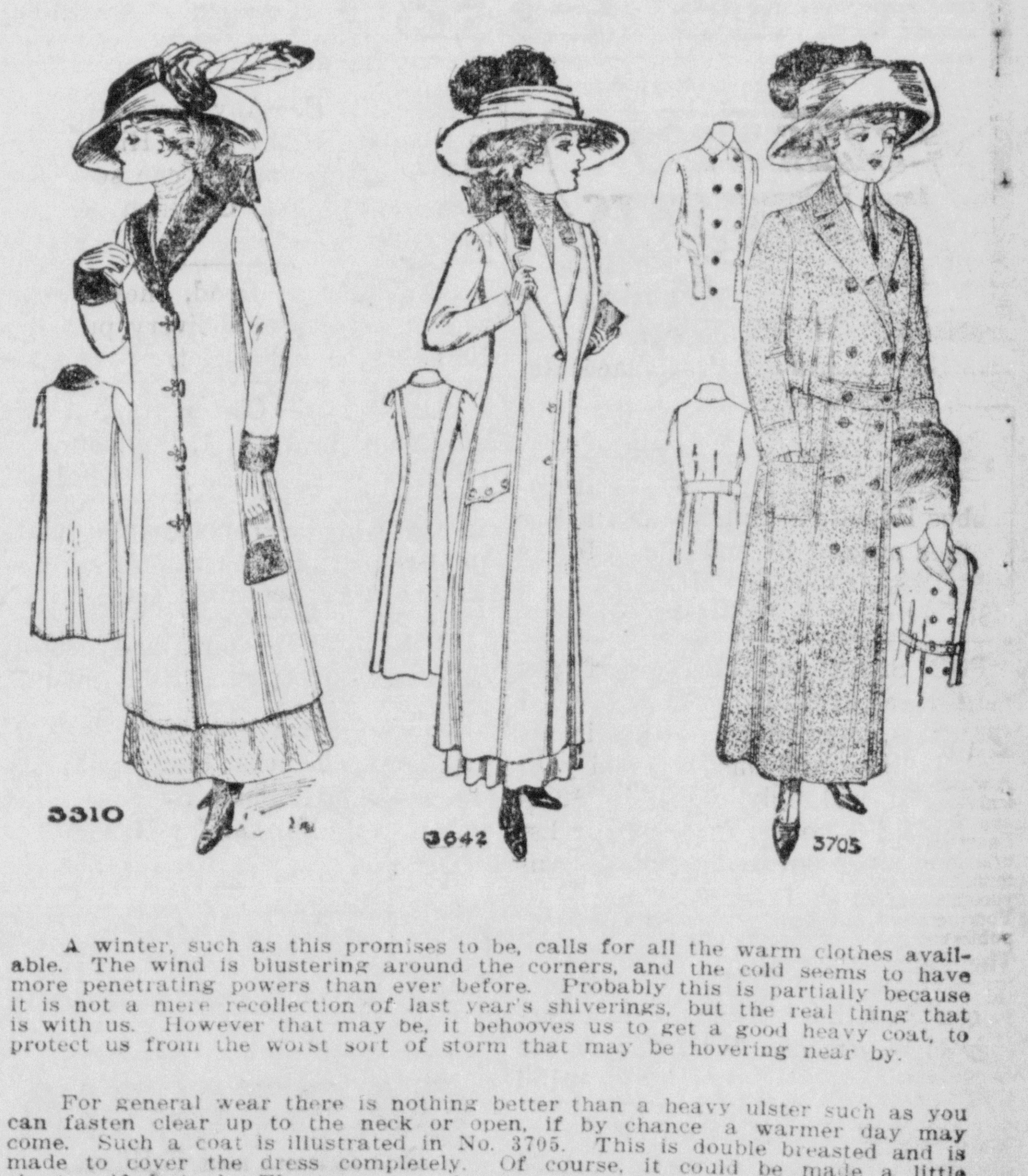

A winter, such as this promises to be, calls for all the warm clothes available. The wind is blustering around the corners, and the cold seems to have more penetrating powers than ever before. Probably this is partially because it is not a mere recollection of last year's shiverings, but the real thing that is with us. However that may be, it behooves us to get a good heavy coat, to protect us from the worst sort of storm that may be hovering near by.

For general wear there is nothing better than a heavy ulster such as you can fasten clear up to the neck or open, if by chance a warmer day may come. Such a coat is illustrated in No. 3705. This is double breasted and is made to cover the dress completely. Of course, it could be made a little shorter, if desired. The two-seam sleeves are finished with deep cuffs. They have just a suggestion of fulness at the top—nothing more than a suggestion, however. The belt is held in place by narrow straps in the back and front. Pockets are provided and they not only add style to the model but will prove a great comfort on some of the most severe days. As for materials suitable for this coat, double-faced cloths, tweeds, rough mixtures, chinchilla and similar fabrics are sure of the test. If heavy cloth is used, the coat does not need to be lined further than yoke depth. Otherwise, a lining clear to the hem will be necessary and a good quality of satin should be used for this. No. 3705 is cut in three sizes for misses, 14, 16, or 18 years old. Size 16 requires 4 yards of 54-inch material.

A little dressier coat, though equally necessary, is pictured in No. 3642. This is three-quarters fitting and single breasted. The tuck seams give a distinctive air to the model and another good feature is to be seen in the back. An invisible plait is laid at each side of the center back; this gives added fulness around the skirt portion without changing the straight lines which are so desirable. Broadcloth, serge, wide diagonal and fabrics on this order are good for this model and probably the coat will be lined throughout with satin. This design is cut in three sizes, for misses 14, 16 and 18 years old. Size 16 requires 4 yards of 54-inch material.

No. 3310 is an excellent coat for winter wear and it is a very easy model to make. This is somewhat looser in style than others pictured on this page. The only seams are those on the shoulder and the underarm seams as shown here. The coat was made of broadcloth and trimmed with fur. Other heavy suiting materials are also appropriate for the model however. For the closing frogs—either black or the same color as the coat material might be used. This coat is cut in sizes 12 14 and 16 years. Size 14 requires 2¾ yards of 54-inch material. These patterns, including cutting and construction guides, are 15 cents each.

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Baltimore, Md.—"I send you herewith the picture of my fifteen year old daughter Alice, who was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was pale, with dark circles under her eyes, weak and irritable. Two different doctors treated her and called it Green Sickness, but she grew worse all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking three bottles she has regained her health, thanks to your medicine. I can recommend it for all female troubles."—Mrs. L. A. CORKRAN, 1103 Rutland Street, Baltimore, Md.

Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

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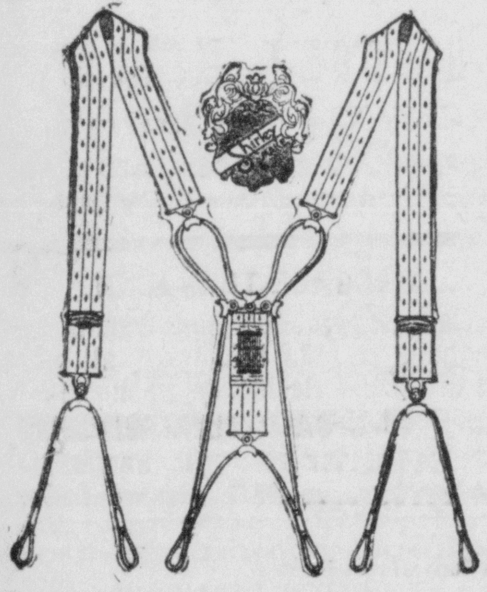

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CLOSE OF THE LEGISLATURE

Last Day of Sixty-Seventh General Assembly.

EPITOME OF THE WORK DONE

The Governor's Constitution Bill, Revision of Liquor Laws, Change of Local Option Unit, Some Notable Sanitary Laws and Laws Relating to Labor Are Among Acts of Legislature Which Expires at Midnight.

Indianapolis, March 6.—The sixty-seventh session of the General Assembly of the state of Indiana will expire tonight at midnight by limitation, if it does not earlier adjourn for lack of business to keep it going until that hour.

For the first time in years the big appropriation bills have not kept the assembly tied up at the last minute. This year the appropriation bill was divided into a general and a specific bill and these were passed some days ago and reached the governor on Saturday. With these and the "platform" measures out of the way and signed the closing hours were less strenuous than usually marks the hours of an expiring legislature in Indiana.

Many New Laws.

The session closes with a record of about two hundred bills which have been enacted into laws.

Eighty-three laws were added to the statutes of Indiana Saturday, after one of the busiest days in the governor's office since the legislature opened. Among the more important bills which became laws by virtue of the governor's signature was the Proctor regulative and restrictive liquor bill. The Proctor local option bill No. 3, which fixes the unit for holding local option elections, providing that elections may be held in cities, townships and territory outside of townships, instead of making the county the unit, as under the old law, also was among the measures to which Governor Marshall affixed his signature. The original local option bill which Governor Marshall signed was not believed to be entirely adequate to stand a court test. The bill he signed Saturday corrects the title of the county option bill, which was feared to be unconstitutional, and makes proper provision for the basis of a petition in territories where city and country precinct lines overlap.

With the signing of the restrictive and regulative bill the operation of the saloon business throughout the state began under the new regime Saturday night. In cities of the first and second classes the saloons may be permitted to remain open until 12 o'clock midnight, instead of closing at 11 o'clock, as under the former law.

The Corrupt Practices Act.

In addition to the two liquor bills Governor Marshall signed the corrupt practices act. This is one of the most important pieces of legislation that has come before the general assembly, making, as it does, stringent provisions for the conduct of elections. The bill limits the amount of contributions which any candidate for political office may give to the central committee in the district in which he is a candidate. The new law prohibits the soliciting of funds for the conduct of the campaign and prohibits any candidate for a judicial office from contributing.

The bill which divides the jurisdiction of the supreme and appellate courts in Indiana, designed to relieve the congested condition of both tribunals, was signed by the governor, as was the bill for the new constitution for Indiana, and the bill which amends the public accounts law by giving prosecutors the right to bring suits against officials whose accounts are found to be improperly placed on the public books. There are a number of other provisions in the new bill regarding the operation of the state board of accounts, among them being a reduction in the salary of the field examiners from $10 a day to $8 a day.

The Registration Act.

Then there was the bill for the registration of voters; the bill providing for the inspection of building and loan associations by the state auditor; the bill providing for the appointment by the governor of a commission to investigate industrial education; the ophthalmia neonatorum bill, providing for the protection of the eyes of children at birth; the bill providing a bounty on crows, and the bill providing that a railway company shall pay wages of discharged employes within twenty-four hours after discharge.

Among other bills which have become laws is the measure providing for the appointment of a locomotive boiler inspector and the uniform caboose bill. The bill was backed by the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and is designed to minimize the number of accidents resulting from short cabooses. Under the new law all caboose cars must be at least twenty-four feet in length. All railroad companies are given until Jan. 1, 1914, to install the regulation cabooses.

The governor also has signed the bill which prohibits the buying and selling of accounts held by merchants for the purpose of obtaining court judgments in other states and disposing of the judgments back to the original claimant.

WILLIAM H. TRUESDALE

Lackawanna's President Who Rejected Salary of $100,000.

Scranton, Pa., March 4.—President William H. Truesdale of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad company confirms the published report that he had rejected an offer of the presidency of the Missouri Pacific railroad at a salary of $100,000 a year. "I like the job I have," was the only reason he gave for his refusal.

Notice of Final Settlement of Estate.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees, of Hardin Hancock Deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 24th day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the **Final Settlement Accounts** with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

WITNESS the Clerk of said Court, this 1st day of March, 1911.

JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk of Jackson Circuit Court.
J. H. KAMMAN, Attorney. m16w

Notice of Final Settlement of Estate.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Charlotte Korte Deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 24th day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the **Final Settlement Accounts** with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

WITNESS, the Clerk of said Court, this 1st day of March, 1911.

JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
J. H. KAMMAN Attorney. m16w

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors heirs and legatees of Erwin Schneck, Deceased to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 23rd day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the **Final Settlement Accounts** with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship and receive their distributive shares.

Witness, the Clerk of said Court, this first day of March, 1911.

JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
O. H. Montgomery, Atty. for admr.
m16w.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors heirs and legatees of Louis Schneck, Deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 23rd. day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the **Final Settlement Accounts** with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

Witness, the Clerk of said Court, this first day of March, 1911.

JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
O. H. Montgomery, Atty. for Admr.
m16w.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Jacob Pressler, deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 23rd. day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any, why the **Final Settlement Accounts** with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

Witness, the Clerk of said Court, this 28th. day of February, 1911.

JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
J. A. Cox, Atty.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the Judge of the Circuit Court of Jackson County, State of Indiana, Administrator of the estate of Cyrus J. Attkisson, late of Jackson County, Indiana, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

J. T. PRUDEN,
March 1, 1911. Administrator.
O. H. Montgomery, Atty. m16w

Notice of Final Settlement of Estate.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Lydia Miller Deceased, to appear in the Jackson Circuit Court, held at Brownstown, Indiana, on the 17th day of March, 1911, and show cause, if any why the **Final Settlement Accounts** with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

WITNESS, the Clerk of said Court, this 21th day of February, 1911.

JOHN R. TINDER,
Clerk Jackson Circuit Court.
J. H. KAMMAN, Atty. m9w

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

State of Indiana,
Jackson County.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of George Fenneberg, deceased, late of Jackson County, Indiana. Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

HERMAN BUSE,
m 9w. Administrator.

Making a continuous flight from Laredo to Eagle Pass, along the Mexican boundary line, a big army biplane covered the distance, 116 miles, in two hours and seven minutes, establishing a new record for a continuous flight with two passengers.

Black hand letters threatening to blow up her mansion and to kidnap her granddaughter have been received by Mrs. Charles Hamot Strong, daughter of the late William L. Scott, whose mausoleum at Erie, Pa., was entered and violated a month ago by vandals.

DOINGS OF THE LATE CONGRESS

What Was Done and What Was Left Undone.

BRIEF RECORD OF SESSION

Results of Larger Interest Set Out Here in Tabloid Form For the Instruction of the Hurried Reader Who Is Wont to Skip the Usual Stories of Congress From Day to Day—Special Session April 4.

Washington, March 6.—President Taft has fixed April 4 as the date for the convening of the Sixty-second congress in extraordinary session to consider reciprocal legislation. Out of the smoke of the closing battle in congress emerge these results of larger interest:

What Congress Did.

Provision of $3,000,000 for the fortification of the Panama canal.

Provision for two new battleships.

Recodification of the judicial code; regarded as most imoprtant for the amelioration of the law's delays.

Creation of forest preserves in the South Appalachian and White mountains.

Providing for the construction of embassy and legation buildings abroad.

Requiring the inspection of locomotive boilers.

Creating Robert E. Peary a rear admiral on the retired list of the navy and formally tendering the thanks of congress to him.

Creating a commission of five senators and five representatives to investigate conditions in Alaska.

What It Failed to Do.

Failure of the Canadian reciprocity agreement and consequent certainty of an extra session.

Failure of the permanent tariff board bill, which passed the senate, but was killed by a filibuster in the house.

Failure of the resolution to admit to statehood Arizona and New Mexico, killed by a filibuster in the senate.

Failure of the proposal to increase the rate of postage on the advertising sections of the large magazines, but a commission provided for to investigate the subject.

Failure of the resolution providing for the direct election of United States senators.

Failure of the general age pension bill.

Failure to act on Ballinger-Pinchot investigation reports.

Failure to enact the ocean mail subsidy, passed by the senate alone.

Failure of the effort to unseat William Lorimer as senator from Illinois on the ground of alleged bribery in his election.

Failure of bill fixing canal tolls and settling form of government for Panama canal zone.

Failure of congressional reapportionment bill based on the new census.

STIRRING THEM UP

Kentucky Bank Directors Must Study Conditions in Their Banks.

Frankfort, Ky., March 6.—Acting on the theory that the most important step to be taken to make the banks of Kentucky better than they are, is to get the directors to study the conditions of the banks with which they are connected. Secretary of State Bruner is sending to each bank director in the state an oath which he is requesting him to sign and return to the office of the secretary of state. This oath is very similar to the one sent to the directors of the national banks, and there are few instances in which the oaths are returned unsigned.

Clara Taylor's Second Venture.

London, March 6.—Mrs. John A. Stirling, formerly Clara Taylor of Washington, whose husband, Captain Stirling, formerly of the Scots Guards, divorced her in March, 1909, will shortly be married to Lord George Hugo Cholmondelay, second son of Marquis Cholmondelay. Before her marriage to Captain Stirling Miss Taylor was a chorus girl.

Failed to Reach Big Roll.

Elwood, Ind., March 6.—The bank of Frankton, five miles southeast of here, was robbed of $150. The combination was worked to the outer doors of the safe. As at Windfall on Thursday night, the yeggmen left before securing the big roll, which was in the inside vault.

Smallpox in Kentucky.

Evansville, Ind., March 6.—Smallpox, prevalent in a number of Kentucky mining towns south of Evansville, caused the city health authorities to take rigid preventive measures against those towns, and close watch is being kept on all incoming trains.

Science and Mathematics Teachers.

Marion, Ind., March 6.—The sixteenth annual meeting of the Indiana Association of Science and Mathematics Teachers will be held here Friday and Saturday. About two hundred teachers of Indianapolis are expected to be present.

CAPT. E. WRIGHT

Cavalryman Whose Company Guards the Mexican Border.

Photo by American Press Association.

PUSHING ALONG

Mexican Rebels Concentrating For Attack on Chihuahua.

Torreon, Mexico, March 6.—The rebel forces are laying their plans for an attack upon the city of Chihuahua. The siege will begin before the end of this week, it is believed. It is said that more than 3,000 revolutionists are advancing upon the city from four directions and that at least 1,000 of this number are already camped within twenty miles of the place. The Chihuahua federal garrison numbers about 1,000 soldiers.

MINNEAPOLIS HAS A COSTLY SUNDAY FIRE

Loss to Syndicate Block One Million and a Half.

Minneapolis, March 6.—Fanned by a strong wind, fire which threatened the entire business district early Sunday swept through the Syndicate block on Nicollet avenue, between Fifth and Sixth streets, destroying property valued at a million and a half dollars and endangering many lives.

For several hours the fire was confined to the part of the block occupied by the Model Clothing house, J. B. Hudson & Son, jewelers, and F. W. Woolworth, 5- and 10-cent store. This third of the block is separated from the rest of the block by a thick fire wall. By flooding this wall the firemen were able to hold the fire in check for several hours.

The fire then spread to the portion of the building occupied by the Minneapolis Dry Goods company and Young, Quinlan & Co. The loss of the Minneapolis Dry Goods company is estimated at $500,000.

The upper floors of the building over the Hudson and Woolworth stores were occupied by doctors, dentists, hair dressers, manicurists and others. Many slept in rooms adjoining their offices and the firemen carried several women out to the street.

A score or more were rescued in all, and even then the firemen feared that others had perished, as the flames spread so rapidly they were driven from the building and prevented from making a thorough search.

TRAIN IN DITCH

Memphis Special on the Southern Railway Leaves the Track.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 6.—Eight persons were hurt when all but one of the coaches of the Southern railway train known as the "Memphis Special" were derailed a short distance east of Bearden. The tender of the locomotive left the rails, carrying every coach from the track with the exception of the rear sleeper.

A high embankment against which the derailed coaches were thrown saved them from overturning. Telegraph poles were broken down, cutting Knoxville off from communication to the Southern for over two hours.

Night Rider Witness Guarded.

Hopkinsville, Ky., March 6.—Milton Oliver, chief witness for the prosecution in the cases against Dr. B. A. Amos and five others, charged with participation in a night rider raid on this city, arrived here, accompanied by an escort of soldiers.

Held on Bloodhound Evidence.

Paducah, Ky., March 6.—Grant Smith, a farmer, was arrested in Marsharil county on the charge that he set fire to the barn of J. A. Woodall. Bloodhounds followed a trail to Smith's home. On this evidence he was arrested.

Banker Bigelow Released.

Leavenworth, Kan., March 6.—Frank G. Bigelow, the Milwaukee banker, convicted of misuse of funds of the First National bank, has been released from the federal penitentiary here. He had served six of a term of ten years.

S.S.S.

PURELY VEGETABLE
THE ONE SAFE BLOOD REMEDY

It is a generally recognized fact that medicines taken from the botanical kingdom are better adapted to the delicate human system, and safer in every way than those composed of strong mineral mixtures. Among the very best and safest of vegetable preparations is S. S. S., a blood medicine made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, in such combination as to make it the greatest of all blood purifiers and the finest of all tonics. S. S. S. does not contain the least particle of mineral in any form, and is an absolutely safe medicine for any one to use. While purifying the blood, this great vegetable remedy builds up every portion of the system. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Constitutional Blood Diseases, and all impurities and morbid conditions of the circulation. It is perfectly reliable and safe for children; and little ones who have been weakened with scrofulous affections or other inherited blood troubles, can take this mild vegetable remedy with good results and without the slightest danger. S. S. S. is unequalled as a tonic; it invigorates every portion of the system, and the healthy blood it creates largely assists in overcoming any derangement of the stomach and digestive system. If you need a blood medicine you could do no better than to take S. S. S. It has been in use for more than forty years and is still recognized as the best. Book on the blood free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Vick's Garden and Floral Guide

THE KEY TO A GOOD GARDEN 1911

Gives advise about the Best Seeds, planting and caring for the plants. The book the experienced gardener and the beginner need. Sent anywhere **free.** A postal card with your name and address brings it to you.

Vick's Branching Asters are grown by those who know the best Asters. The Catalog tells all about them. Seven colors: white, pink, rose, crimson, lavender, purple, dark violet. Packet 10 cts. each; one packet of each color, 50 cts.

Vick's Golden Nugget Sweet Corn. The finest Corn on the market, ears large, filled with tender, sweet and juicy kernels. Two to four ears to a stalk. Packet, 10 cts.; half pint, 20 cts.; pint, 30 cts.; quart, 50 cts.

Standard Farm Seeds

Alfalfa, the money maker; New "Early Wonder" Corn; Vick's Red Glazed Corn; Vick's New Late Vicktor Potato; Clover; Oats

$100 in Premiums to users of Vick's Seeds. See pages 1, 2, 44 of the Catalog.

James Vick's Sons
143 Main Street, Rochester, N. Y.

HAVE YOU TRIED PAXTINE

The Great Toilet Germicide?

You don't have to pay 50c or $1.00 a pint for listerian antiseptics or peroxide. You can make 16 pints of a more cleansing, germicidal, healing and deodorizing antiseptic solution with one 25c box of Paxtine,—a soluble antiseptic powder, obtainable at any drug store.

Paxtine destroys germs that cause disease, decay and odors,—that is why it is the best mouth wash and gargle, and why it purifies the breath, cleanses and preserves the teeth better than ordinary dentifrices, and in sponge bathing it completely eradicates perspiration and other disagreeable body odors. Every dainty woman appreciates this and its many other toilet and hygienic uses.

Paxtine is splendid for sore throat, inflamed eyes and to purify mouth and breath after smoking. You can get Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic at any drug store, price 25c and 50c, or by mail postpaid from The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass., who will send you a free sample if you would like to try it before buying.

Don't Stand Like A Hitching Post

Get a move on. Let the world know you are awake. Push your business to success or your business will push you to the wall.

Advertise!
Advertise!!
Advertise!!!

SEEDS

CORN AND OATS

JOHNSON COUNTY YELLOW or WHITE DENT SEED CORN

This corn needs no introduction, as it is known throughout the United States, winning the Grand Prizes at Chicago and Omaha Corn Expositons and taking first prizes wherever shown. This corn is a heavy yielder.

Price per bushel, shelled only (sacks free) $2.00

WESTERN IOWA WHITE SEED OATS.

These are Choice Extra Heavy, Bright and well matured Seed Oats, weighing 38 to 40 lbs., to measured bushel. We have handled these Iowa White Oats for past 5 years. They are heavy producers on Indiana soil. Always get your Seed Oats from the North.

Price per bushel, (sacks free) - - 54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bushel lots or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.
326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

"I will Get it."
Jacob.
40.
Corbell
Copyright by Outcault Advertising Co., Chgo

Feb. 1911.

Dear friend:

I went this morning to the grocery. I had a basket on my arm. I got the basket full of things and brought them home. Mama said I was a good trader. Here's a list of what I got.

1 can of Mackerel	20c
1 can of Sliced Peaches	20c
1 can of Sliced Pine Apple	25c
1 can of Tomato Soup	10c
1 can of Kraut	10c

Your Friend,
JACOB.

I got good things because I went to

BRAND'S

---A---
Beautiful Lawn
NOW
is the time to sow the seed if you want a nice, velvety lawn this summer.
EVERGREEN
Will give you the best results.
Put up in packages with full instructions to use.
KESSLER
HARDWARE CO.

Just Received
A fresh supply of White Fish, Mackeral, Smoked Herring, Cod Fish, Holland Herring and Smoked Salmon, All Kinds of Garden and Flower Seed, Onion Sets and Seed Potatoes.
REINHART'S
GROCERY
Corner Third and Chestnut Streets
'PHONE 250.

W. H. BURKLEY
REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
and LOANS
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

JACOB SPEAR JOHN HAGEL
Carpenters-Contractors
BUILDING and REPAIRING
New work--hard wood floors a specialty
SPEAR & HAGEL
630 N. Chestnut St., Seymour, Ind.

PREPARATION OF SCHOOL GARDENS

Approach of Spring Renews Activities of Children.

RESULTS IN WASHINGTON.

Practically All of the Fifty Thousand School Children In the National Capital Are Learning to Be Gardeners. When to Plant the Seeds.

With the first faint suspicion of spring in the air the school children of the country take a renewed interest in their nature study work, when such study exists, and begin to look forward hopefully to the time when they can discard their books and learn their lessons about plants from nature itself. This is one of the most interesting phases of the school life of the children of many cities and towns throughout the country—their out of doors nature study work. In Washington the children from the low grades up to the girls who are learning to teach other children all have to do some practical nature work. In the winter months this takes the form of classroom work and lessons from textbooks. But when spring comes these are discarded, partially at least, and, armed with hoes and rakes and the other necessary requisites, they march away to their gardens and miniature farms and find out for themselves just how and why things grow.

Practically all of Washington's 50,000 school children are learning to be gardeners.

Much of the work done in the greenhouse of the department of agriculture by the normal girls is planting and growing plants for schoolroom study and decoration. All the plants that are used in the various graded schools throughout the city are supplied from this one source. The plants are grown from cuttings or seeds in the fall. These are carefully watched and tended during the winter months, and by the time spring arrives there are several thousand plants with which to stock the school gardens or the schoolrooms. Not only are window box plants grown in profusion at the greenhouse, but others as well. Privet and forsythia cuttings are planted during the winter under an open shed in flats filled with sand. In March these are sent to some of the schools, with instructions as to how they should be planted. Several schools today can boast of attractive hedges surrounding the grounds planted by the children themselves and obtained from the department greenhouse.

WORKING WITH NATURE.

The nearness of trees to all the school buildings has been of considerable service. Tree seeds have been collected from these during the autumn months and kept in sand during the winter. In the spring ground is prepared by the students with a hand plow, the seeds planted in accordance with directions issued by the bureau of forestry of the department. A nursery containing several hundred young trees was obtained on the Potomac flats, but when the department of agriculture abandoned the land the nursery had to be discontinued.

Landscape gardening is also taught.

In order to make practical application of the principles taught in regard to landscape gardening the ground around the Franklin school building, in which the normal school is located, was improved. The best plan of those submitted by the members of the class was followed. The north side of the ground had been so long neglected that not even a blade of grass grew on it. The ground was first fertilized, the boys of the school doing this work with tools brought from home. The part designed for planting was apportioned among the schools and permanent shrubbery planted as a background. Sufficient room was left to allow each child to plant a seed, purple flowering beans, morning glories and dwarf nasturtiums being chosen.

That was the beginning. Today as soon as the first warm days betoken the approach of spring an eager army of volunteer workers is easily mustered to do the necessary work. At the close of school the gardens are so attractive that it is equally easy to secure the services of children to care for them during the summer months.

THE DOCTOR'S QUESTION.

Much Sickness Due to Bowel Disorders.

A doctor's first question when consulted by a patient is, "Are your bowels regular?" He knows that 98 per cent of illness is attended with inactive bowels and torpid liver, and that this condition must be removed gently and thoroughly before health can be restored.

Rexall Orderlies are a positive, pleasant and safe remedy for constipation and bowel disorders in general. We are so certain of their great curative value that we promise to return the purchaser's money in every case when they fail to produce entire satisfaction.

Rexall Orderlies are eaten like candy, they act quietly, and have a soothing, strengthening, healing influence on the entire intestinal tract. They do not purge, gripe, cause nausea, flatulence, excessive looseness, diarrhoea, or other annoying effect. They are especially good for children, weak persons or old folks. Two sizes 25 cents and 10c. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store. The Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Returned to Jackson.

A few days ago Belle Hines was sent to the county poor farm by the township trustee. She was homeless and friendless and it was the only thing that could be done for her.

Superintendent Coons did not believe the woman had a legal residence here and he investigated, which resulted in the discovery that she belongs to Brownstown. A letter from there states that she was released from the poor farm there on March 17 of last year and that she had been a county care there for many years.

This information caused her to lose her happy home here and she was promptly sent to her own county to be cared for.—Columbus Herald.

SKIN AND SCALP TROUBLES YIELD TO ZEMO.

A Clean Liquid Preparation for External Use.

A. J. Pellens Drug Store is so confident that ZEMO will rid the skin or scalp of infant or grown person of pimples, blackheads, dandruff, eczema, prickly heat, rashes, hives, ivy poison or any other form of skin or scalp eruption, that they will give your money back if you are not entirely satisfied with the results obtained from the use of ZEMO.

The first application will give prompt relief and show an improvement and in every instance where used persistently, will destroy the germ life, leaving the skin in a clean, healthy condition.

Let us show you proof of some remarkable cures made by ZEMO and give you at 32 page booklet how to preserve the skin. A. J. Pellens Drug Store.

NO NEW CASES

Of Scarlet Fever.—Health Officers Are Encouraged.

No new cases of scarlet fever in the city were reported today or Sunday. One case was reported Saturday. It was that of a child who was known to have been exposed. All those who are sick with the disease are doing well. The health officers and physicians are encouraged over conditions and believe if care is taken that there will be no further spread of the epidemic.

No Need to Stop Work.

When your doctor orders you to stop work, it staggers you. "I can't," you say. You know you are weak, run down, and failing in health, day by day, but you must work as long as you can stand. What you need is Electric Bitters to give tone, strength and vigor to your system, to prevent breakdown and build you up. Don't be weak, sickly or ailing when Electric Bitters will benefit you from the first dose. Thousands bless them for their glorious health and strength. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50c. at the Andrews-Schwenck Drug Co.

Merrill Moores, of Indianapolis, who has many acquaintances in this city, has been mentioned for the United States Marshalship. President Taft and Mr. Moores were class mates at Yale and are close friends The President has invited Mr. Moores to come to Washington for a conference.

A Dreadful Sight

to H. J. Barnum, of Freeville, N. Y., was the fever sore that had plagued his life for years in spite of many remedies he tried. At last he used Bucklen's Arnica Salve and wrote: "It has entirely healed with scarcely a scar left." Heals Burns, Boils, Eczema, Cuts, Bruises, Swellings, Corns and Piles like magic. Only 25c at the Andrews-Schwenck Drug Co.

Theo Droege has moved to Laporte. His family left for there today.

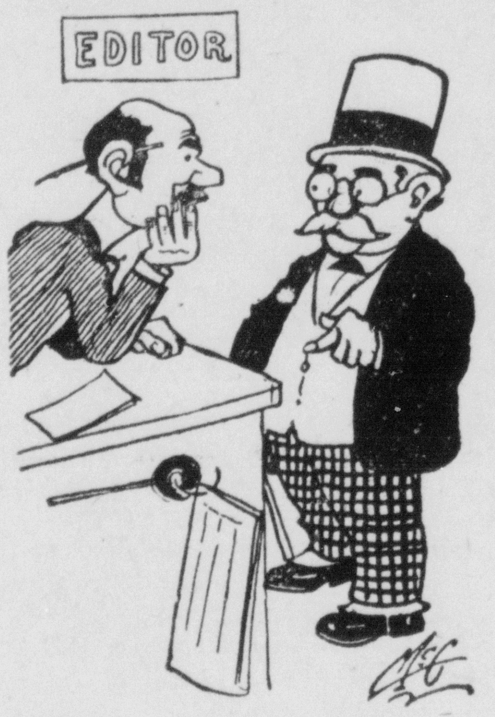
YES, THEY HAD A CODE.

And the Oldest Employee Told the Editor All About It.

In one of the late O. Henry's stories, entitled "Calloway's Code," the author tells how the war correspondent of a New York paper away in Japan had sent a mysterious message in code which no one could understand. The managing editor was at his wits' end until some one thought of appealing to Heffelbauer, who had been on the paper since "Park row was a potato patch." So Heffelbauer was called into consultation.

Heffelbauer was an institution. He was half janitor, half a handy man about the office and half watchman—thus becoming the peer of thirteen and one-half tailors. Sent for, he came, radiating his nationality.

"Heffelbauer," said the m. e., "did you ever hear of a code belonging to the office a long time ago—a private code? You know what a code is, don't you?"



"SURE I KNOW VAT A CODE IS."

"Yah," said Heffelbauer. "Sure I know vat a code is. Yah, apout dwelf or fifteen year ago der office had a code. Der reborters in der city room haf it here."

"Ah!" said the m. e. "We're getting on the trail now. Where was it kept, Heffelbauer? What do you know about it?"

"Somedimes," said the retainer, "dey keep it in der little room behind der library room."

"Can you find it?" asked the m. e. eagerly. "Do you know where it is now?"

"Mein Gott!" said Heffelbauer. "How long you dink a code live? Der reborters call him a maskeet. But yon day he butt mit his head der editor, and"—

"Oh, he's talking about a goat," said Boyd. "Get out, Heffelbauer."

Made Fine Time.

Two negroes on a Louisiana plantation became involved in a row with another Ethopian who was handy with a gun. The two started to run just about the time the bad man began to shoot. The fleeing ones had proceeded about 100 yards when the following dialogue occurred:

"Sam, you hear dat bullet?"

"Yes, I hearn it—two times."

"How you mean two times?" asked the questioner as he quickened his pace.

"I hearn dat bullet once when it passed me, and den anudder time when I passed it," jerked out Sam between short breaths.

A Bold Umpire.

Manager Win Clark of the Norfolk team tells the latest umpire story. It is on J. Ira Davis, better known as Slats. Davis has been an umpire for ten years in various minor leagues. He has been noted for his eccentricities.

"Davis was umpiring a game for us at the latter part of the season," says Clark. "He didn't stand any too well with the fans and didn't seem to care. He began umpiring behind the bat and then worked behind the pitcher. The crowd kicked on a second base decision, and he took his stand behind second base. Finally there was a dispute about a foul ball hit down the right field line, and Davis took his position in right field. Then the bleacherites went at him. 'Why don't you stand where you can judge the balls and strikes, you stiff?' yelled one. 'Well,' said Davis, 'you guys can umpire a game from the right field seats and never make a mistake. Why can't I umpire as well in right field?'"

Balked on Water.

Senator Tillman tells of an old man he used to know who drank too much. He said: "He was a fine old fellow in other respects, and it was pitiful to see him disgracing himself. One day I read him a long lecture on the sin of drunkenness. 'Water,' I said, 'is the thing. Stick to water, James.'

"'Well,' the old man answered, 'there's only one place in the Bible where a man asked for water, and I guess you know where he was.'"

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robt. Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	Max.	Min.
March 6, 1911	57	42

Weather Indications.

Unsettled weather with probably rain tonight or Tuesday. Colder in extreme south portion tonight.

Try a Want Ad. in the Republican.

CURED TO STAY CURED.

How a Seymour Citizen Found Complete Freedom from Kidney Troubles.

If you suffer from backache—
From urinary disorders—
From any disease of the kidneys
Be cured to stay cured.

Doan's Kidney Pills make lasting cures.

Seymour people testify:

Mrs. Lydia Owens, 425 Jackson St., Seymour, Ind., says: "Several years ago I had pains in the small of my back and was also subject to headaches. My kidneys were badly disordered and I attributed my trouble to the failure of these organs to do their work properly. When I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills, I immediately procured a supply and their use corrected my trouble. I know of other people who have taken Doan's Kidney Pills and praise them as highly as I do." (Statement given in 1906).

NO TROUBLE SINCE.

On April 14, 1910, Mrs. Owens was interviewed and she said: "During the years that have passed since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me, I have been entirely free from kidney trouble. I am constantly recommending this remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price fifty cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the post office at Seymour, Indiana and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to dead letter office.

Ladies

Miss Margareta Cordova.
Miss Blanche Coy.
Eva Hill.
Mrs. Effie Stogdill.
Mrs. Helen M. Swaller.
Mrs. Cordelia Thompson.
Mrs. Effie Weekly.

Men

Mr. James R. Chasteen.
Mr. John Compton.
Mr. J. S. Conroy.
Mr. Harry Higgins.
W. G. Jamison.
Mr. Al. Sherwood.

EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.

Dandruff and Itching Scalp Yield to This Treatment.

Why experiment trying to drive the dandruff germ from underneath the skin with greasy lotions or fancy hairdressing when A. J. Pellens' Drug Store will guarantee ZEMO and ZEMO SOAP to entirely rid the scalp of the germ life that causes the trouble.

ZEMO and ZEMO SOAP can be obtained in any city or town in America and are recognized the best and most economical treatment for all affections of the skin or scalp whether on infant or grown person. One shampoo with ZEMO SOAP and application of ZEMO will stop itching and cleanse the scalp of dandruff and scurf.

We invite you to try ZEMO and ZEMO SOAP and if not entirely satisfied we will refund your money.

City Delivery Statistics.

Throughout the country this week detailed information regarding the city delivery service is being gathered for the benefit of the government. Postmaster Remy and the entire force of the local postoffice will have a busy week getting the information together. The information called for goes into all the details of the service and will give the government an accurate knowledge of the amount of mail handled by city carriers.

Forced to Leave Home.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers, whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs, are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. There's a better way. Let Dr. King's New Discovery cure you at home. "It cured me of lung trouble," writes W. R. Nelson, of Calamine, Ark., "when all else failed and I gained 47 pounds in weight. Its surely the king of all cough and lung cures." Thousands owe their lives and health to it. It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds, Lagrippe, Asthma, Croup—all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c, and $1. Trial bottle free at the Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Ewing Shields and Don Pruitt will go to Princeton Tuesday morning, where the former has a contract for three miles of brick street. It will probably take until September to complete the work.

Not a Word of Scandal

marred the call of a neighbor on Mrs. W. P. Spangh, of Manville, Wyoming, who said: "She told me Dr. King's New Life Pills had cured her of obstinate kidney trouble and made her feel like a new woman." Easy, but sure remedy for stomach, liver and and kidney troubles. Only 25c. at the Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Building Material
The Very Best
at the
Lowest Prices
Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.
High Grade Mill Work
Veeneered Doors and Interior Finigh.
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ALL NEW AND FRESH
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Registered Pharmacist by Examination
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Prescriptions
A Specialty
GEORGE F. MEYER'S
DRUG STORE

BAGGAGE TRANSFER.
Call 'Phone 468 for transfer of baggage or light hauling in all parts of the city. Residence' phone 612-R.
SAMUEL S. WIBLE.
Successor to A. T. Foster.

WATCH REPAIRING
If your watch is not giving correct time, call and have it repaired. Charges are reasonable. Jewelry the best grade at lowest prices. Cut prices on 1847 Rogers Silverware at
T. R. HALEY'S Jewelry Store
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